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REGULARS IN WOODMEN LEADING

Returns Received from Rock Island Give Administration Forces 220 Out of 334

BOLTS IN THREE STATES

Conventions in Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota Split and Hold Rump Sessions on Wednesday

Rock Island, Ill., May 6.—Returns from the election of delegates to the head camp of the Modern Woodmen of America at Toledo, Ohio, in June gave 220 of the 334 delegates to the administration forces, according to the announcemet at the Woodmen headquarters here to night.

The opposition forces, fighting to depose the present officers, refuse to concede their defeat however.

At the Illinois head camp here the administration delegates bolted and held a convention of their own. Illinois has seventy-three delegates and there will be two delegations from Illinois to Toledo.

The delegates to the Illinois convention here were welcomed by the Mayor of Rock Island to day. In response, W. A. Northcott, state counsel of the Modern Woodmen of America said in part:

"The Modern Woodmen of America is an organization worthy to be welcomed by the representatives of the people It is a society of the people, for the people and by the people. It represents in the highest degree a representative form of government. The local camps send their delegates to the county camp, and from the county camp to the state and from the state camp to the head camp, and in that last national body the voice of the humblest member can find expression and the delegates there assembled bear in their hand warrants from a sovereign membership, doing their will and their bidding.

"This great society in the thirty-one years of its existence has paid out nearly $120,000,000 to widows and orphans.

"As I stand before you today my mind goes back nearly a quarter of a century. I see a little society expand into the mightest of all the world and I see its camp fires lighted from Maine to California and from the lakes to the gulf.

"It was my high privilege to give to that society the very best of my life.

"Standing before you today I can look each and every one of you in the eye and with a hand uplifted I can here register a solemn oath that never did one penny cross my hand that did not belong to me; never did I rob this society of a single cent; never did I do one act that I did not believe for the welfare of this great society that has been my most cherished work.

"I know that this is my last short day in court and that soon another will take this gavel and wield the power of this office. I promise you that as long as I preside over the deliberations of this camp a fair roll call shall be had on every proposition.

"The co-operation of men is a wonderful thing. The spirit of co-operation brought about free governments. In the olden times the kings ruled and the few were rich and powerful and the many were slaves. Then the spirit of co-operation came among men and they joined hands and worked together in building great governments for a free people.

"So the fraternal societies came in existance and men joined hands to nurse the sick, bury the dead, give a drink of water to those who were athirst, to feed the hungry and clothe the naked, and this band of brotherhoood formed greatest co-operative system in all the world's history. This brotherhood made a promise to pay the beneficiaries of deceased members a certain sum of money, and the question now before this great jurisdiction is, Shall that sacred trust be honestly fulfilled?

"I charge you delegates here assembled to overlook the fact that this great society has obligation to widows and

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COMMITTEES ARE NAMED BY WELCH AT ADJOURNED MEETING

Chairman James Welch Monday announced the committees of the board of supervisors for the ensuing year, the board convening in adjourned session at 10 o'clock. The committees follow:

County Farm-Brooks, Meyer (F.), Kirschner.

County Farm Auditing-Stratton (G), Ferry, Goss.

Erroneous Assessments—Tuttle, Bingdahl, Bangs.

Elections—Goss, Meyer (W), Clark.

Education-Rockenbach, Tuttle, Stratton (L. V.)

Fees and Salaries—Bairstow, Ficke, Rockenbach.

Finance—Meyer (W.), Welch (W.), Holdbridge.

Judiciary-Welch (W.), Clark, Conrad.

License—Bangs, Simons, Walsh.

Miscellaneous Claims-Emmons, McCullough, King.

Poor (W., S. & D.)—McCullough, Ferry, Stratton (G.)

Poor (Balance of County)—Ringhahl, Goss, Bangs.

Printing—Holdridge, Meyer (F.) Stratton (G.)

Purchasing—Kirschner, Brooks, Bairstow.

Public Buildings & Grounds—Conrad, Emmons, Tuttle.

Public Buildings, Auditing—Ficke, Maether, Walsh.

Resolutions—Eger, White, Rochenbach.

Roads and Bridges-Ferry, Meyer)W) Ficke.

State Charities—Clark, Eger, White

Swamp Lands—White, Stratton (L. V.) Eger.

Settlement with County Treasurer—Simons, Conrad, Holdridge.

Settlement with County Clerk—Stratton (L. V.) Kirschner, Brooks.

Settlement with Sheriff—Walsh, Bairstow, Welch (W.)

Settlement with Circuit Clerk-King, Ringdahl, Maether.

Lake County Sanatorium—Meyer (F.), King, Emmons.

Lake County Sanatorium Auditing—Maether, Simons, McCullough.

BODY BECOMES A TORCH WHEN HOT METAL EXPLODES

Valenta Wilk, aged 40, who resides with his family on Fourteenth street, North Chicago, was probably fatally burned Saturday morning, at seven o'clock when his clothing caught fire while he was emptying a slag pot at the Vulcan Louisville Smelting plant where he is employed. A second after the accident his body became a human torch. Fellow workman rushed to assist but his clothing had been completely burned off before the fire was extinguished. The victim was burned from head to foot, his skin being charred in many places. Dr. Herschleder who is attending him declares his condition is very critical. While the man probably will die as a result of his injuries Dr. Herschleder says he has a possible chance to recover.

The accident happened shortly after Wilk had started to work, he was employed in the furnace room and one of his duties was to empty the slag pots. This slag is taken from the furnace almost white heat, being the refuse from the refined metal. It so happened there was a little water at the place where the hot slag was dumped. The moment the molten slag struck this there was an explosion which threw the metal in all directions, some of it struck Wilk and set fire to his clothing.

Crying for help at the top of his voice he ran back into the boiler room, his fellow workers saw his plight and threw water over him, but by this time his clothing had been consumed.

The Larson and Holland auto ambulance was summoned and a hurried trip was made to the Jane McAlister hospital was made for the injured man but from the extent of his burns it seems impossible to save his life.

Country's Need Is Men.

It has been said that the vigorous country, the one that is going ahead rapidly, is the one that has a greater number of men than women. Men are needed to fight and push the boundaries of civilization farther and farther. When the needed number of men cannot be provided some other country with the necessary excess of males takes up the work and the feminized country drops back to a secondary place.

Spinning Power of Spiders.

Spiders have four paps for spinning their threads, each pap having 1,000 holes, and the fine web itself is the union of 4,000 threads. No spider spins more than four webs, and when the fourth is destroyed they seize on the webs of others.

FIRE ALMOST WIPES OUT RONDOUT

Two Houses Are Burned to the Ground and Other Places Catch Fire

GOOD FIGHTING IS DONE

Lake Bluff Fire Department Was Called to the Scene But Was Unable to Help Much

Rondout, the little junction station at the intersection of the E. J. & E. and the C. M. & St. Paul railroad four miles west of Lake Bluff, was almost wiped off the map by a fire late Thursday afternoon. Desperate fighting by residents of the little hamlet, who are mostly foreigners working on the railroads is all that saved the place from total destruction.

As it was, two residence and contents were destroyed as follows:

Steve Krotowski, six room home part of contents saved.

Andy Schwartz, five room cottage, all of contents destroyed. Krotowski owned both houses. Schwartz is his brother-in-law.

Places which caught fire but were saved: Residence of John Spoor, E. J. & E. agent. General store and postoffice of John Moore. Depot of the E. J. and E. railroad.

In the row of houses in which the two which were destroyed were located were several other small places, all east of the general store of the hamlet alongside the north side of the road. The two which were burned to the ground were right adjacent to the store. The fire accordingly was kept from the other cottages although the store and cottages caught fire several times.

The home of agent Spoor is located on the south side of the big embankment on which the electric road runs to Libertyville. The house was not far away from the real fire which started in the Krotowski home, as would be possible in the hamlet, yet the sparks lifted in the air and floated over the big embankment and set fire to it three times. However the family was watching it and they extinguished the fire each time, thus saving the place.

The E. J. & E. depot also seemed to be in the path of the flying sparks which carried over the big bank. Several times it caught fire but each time the use of buckets, coats and carpets, resulted is controlling the flames.

There is, of course, no fire protection in the hamlet and the residents had to get what water they could in buckets from nearby wells, which in the case of the two houses got a good start, was of little service.

The Lake Bluff fire department responded to a call to assist but before they arrived the buildings had burned to the ground.

An overheated chimney is supposed to have started the fire.

Dies at His Home Near Russell

Archibald McCredie, one of the oldest and best known residents of Millburn, died at his home early Saturday morning, May 2, his death being due to advanced age for, he was within a few months of being nighty.

Mr. McCredie had lived in Lake county close to sixty years, in fact, his relatives declare they believe it was just sixty years ago May 1, that he came to Lake county and had continued to be a resident ever since.

The McCredie family is one of the best known in the county, especially in the northwestern portion.

The wife of the aged man died some four years ago. These children survive: Mrs. J. S. Murrie, Grayslake; Mrs. D. M. White, and Mrs. Wm. Miller, Lake Villa; Mrs. D. O. Douglas, Waukegan; George and John of Lake Villa.

The funeral services were held on Monday.

Purely Figurative.

"Every man," says the bishop of London, "must be his own Columbus and find the continent of truth." This is the first time that we had heard America called the continent of truth, and one wonders where the present fashion of flattery is going to end.—Punch.

FARMER IS ROBBED OF MILK MONEY

R. Summers, Residing Near Rondout is the Victim of Automobile Highwaymen

PLAYED VERY CLEVER TRICK

Summer Gets Off His Milk Wagon When He Sees Man Lying in the Road Near the Auto When he Was Attacked

While returning to his home after collecting for the milk he had supplied customers in and about Rondout late Friday afternoon. R. Summers, a farmer, residing near that place, was held up and robbed of his money by two men in an automobile who enacted a clever ruse in order to get the man from his wagon.

News of the occurrence did not reach Waukegan until late Saturday and by that time it was thought the men had made good their escape so no great effort was made to appehend them. They are thought, however, to have come from Chicago in the machine they were in and to have been in the vicinity for several days, probably waiting for an opportunity to rob or hold some one up.

The manner in which they succeeded in getting nearly fifty dollars from their victim was unusal. Mr. Summers was within a mile of his home. It was just beginning to get dusk and he hurried his horse in order to get there before supper time. He neared a bend in the road when he noticed an antomobile standing in the center of the highway, there was a man lying on the ground in front of the machine and another person was in the act of hurriedly climbing out. The one on the ground appeardd to be injured as he was rolling about as though in great pain.

As Mr. Summer drew nearer the man in the machine had gotten to the ground and was bending over the prostrate form. The farmer stopped his horse and called to the man, asking what the trouble was. The man raised his head as though noticing for the first time the presence there of another party.

"Get down and help lift this man into my car," the man replied. "I have just struck him and want to get him to a doctor, I think he is badly injured."

The farmer complied with the request and as he drew near the man who was standing, struck him a hard blow, in fact, knocking him back several feet. The moment the blow as struck the man on the ground leaped to his feet and while the other held Summers he went through his pockets and extracted the money. Summers was then pushed into a ditch at the side of the road and the two men jumped into the machine, the engine of which had not been stopped, and sped off.

As soon as he could Mr. Summers quited his horse which had become frightened when the machine flashed passed it, and drove to his home, where he told what had happened. The deputy sheriffs there were notified but by that time it was dark so it was thought that there would be little use in trying to search for them.

Waukegan Loses Ten Saloons

Only ten of the fifty-eight saloons in business in Waukegan last year failed to take out a license this year in spite of the fact that the license was raised to $750. City officials themselves are greatly surprised at the showing for they had thought the number would fall far short of this.

When the new saloon regulation ordinance was passed it was figured that the increased license fee would make up for the number of undesirable saloons which would be forced out of business. The 58 saloons last year paid $29,000 into the city treasury. While this year 48 saloons nets the city $36,000.

To Stain Black Walnut.

Black walnut may be stained to resemble ebony by washing it two or three times with a solution of sulphate of iron. After the wood is thoroughly dry apply two or three coats of a strong solution of logwood. Wipe with a wet sponge and polish with linseed oil.

WEATHER REPORT FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL

Apr 1914—Warmest day 82 on the 18th. Coldest day 16 above on the 8th Average temperature 46 56. Rainfall 1.86. No Snowfall.

Apr. 1913—Warmest day 81 on the .23 Coldest day 26 on the 20. Average temperature 43.00. Rainfall 2.33 inches.

Apr. 1912—Warmest day 75 on the 14. Coldest day 20 below on the 19. Average temperature 47.08 Rainfall 2.69 inch.

Apr. 1911—Warmest day 68 on the 27. Coldest day 17 below on the 1. Average temperature 35.59 Rainfall 5.57 inches.

Apr. 1910—Warmest day 85 on the 29th. Coldest day 18 on the 24. Average temperature 49.96. Total rain fall 2.94 inches.

Apr. 1909—Warmest day 74 on the 5. Coldest day 15 on the 10th. Average temperature 42.36. Total rainfall 8 68 inches.

Apr. 1908—Warmest day 83 on the 23rd. Coldest day 22 on the 2nd Average temperature 46.15. Rainfall 4.85 inches.

Apr. 1907—Warmest day 69 on the 22. Coldest day 18 above on the 14. Average temperature 39.03. Total rainfall 95.100 inches.

Apr. 1906—Warmest day 83 on the 25. Coldest day 20 above on the 1. Average temperature 49.24. Total rainfall 60.100 inch.

April 1905—No report.

Apr. 1904—Warmest day 82 on the 23. Coldest day 19 above on the 4. Average temperature 39.80. Rainfall 2.20 inches.

Apr. 1903—Warmest day 77 on the 29. Coldest day 20 above on 4. Average temperature 47.63. Rainfall 2.55 inches.

Apr. 1902—Warmest day 84 on the 21. Coldest day 22 above on the 7th. Average temperature 45.28. Total rain fall 1.30 inches.

ASKS PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT A TOLL BRIDGE AT PISTAKEE

Request for permission to construct a toll bridge across Pistakee lake at what is known as "the Point" was presented to the county board at the May meeting held Monday morning. The request for a 30-year license to operate same came from F. H. Gardiner who stated that a company is in process of formation which will be ready to spend $30,000 in constructing it as soon as the necessary permits are secured.

The promoters plan erecting a plank bridge across Pistakee lake and Nippersink lake where they come together, not far from the St. Paul railroad bridge.

The request includes these features:

1. That the right to operate the bridge shall run 20 years.

2. That it shall be a substantial timber bridge with a suitable approach at either side capable of holding not less than ten tons; that bridge shall be 20 feet wide with a suitable jack-knife draw in the center to permit navigation.

4. That the tolls shall be.

One person—10 cents.

Each two horse vehicle—35c.

Each auto—50c.

Mr. Gardiner explained to the board that the bridge will be a great convenience to residents of the lake district as it permits people to get to Lake Grove, Johnsburg, Spring Grove and other roads at a saving of 25 miles' travel.

He stated that the bridge will cost from $20,000 to $35,000, it will be 3,000 feet long, 1,800 feet being across the water, the other distance being across sloughs. Mr. Gardiner says the men who will funish the money have been secured pending action of the board.

Eger moved that the request be referred to road and bridge committee to report at next meeting.

Qualified in Part.

She was very literary and he was not. He had spent a harrow evening discussing authors, of whom he knew nothing, and their books, of which he knew less. Presently the maiden asked, archly: "Of course, you've read 'Romeo and Juliet'?" He floundered helpless for a moment, and then, having a brilliant thought, blurted out happily: "I've read 'Romeo'!"

Not in Any Sense a Loss.

"Ever lose a surgical case?" "Nope. I thought I was going to lose one once, but it came out all right." "The patient came near dying, eh?" "Oh, he died. But his heirs paid for the operation."

IS ATTACKED BY ENRAGED BULL

Joe Atkinson of Rondout is the Victim of the Furious Animal

COLLIE RUSHES TO RESCUE

Two Hired Men Try to Beat off the Enraged Bull But Fail, Then a Faithful Collie Dog Fights Him Off

With two hired men trying to beat off an enraged bull which attacked him and was pawing and butting him about the yard, Joe Atkinson, who lives with his mother a mile and a half northeast of Rondout had his life saved when a faithful collie dog, responding to the shouts of the men and the victim, rushed at the bull, bit his legs, nose and finally distracfed the animal's attention sufficiently to enable the workmen to hustle Atkinson away to safety.

The experience of the young farmer, who is 24 years old who lives with his widow mother, was perhaps the most frightful that any man has gone through in Lake county with an enraged bull and lived to tell about it.

He tossed the young farmer into the air but Atkinson fortunately landed on his knees when he hit the ground; the bull tossed him again. This time the victim landed on his back and the bull came after him, pawing and butting him as he lay prostrate on the ground.

The efforts of the hired men were unavailing for the bull just kept on with his sport. All this time the men were shouting to a collie dog which was about the place and finally just as the situation was becoming so dangerous that they felt their master's life was likely to be sacrificed to their inability to get the animal's attention detracted, the dog came bouncing on the scene. He saw what the trouble was at a glance and started after the bull. He bit his nose as the animal was bending his head over the dog's master, then he bit his legs, the maddened bull naturally would turn his attention to the dog soon, mused the workmen as they kept on trying to detract the animal's attention. Sure enough that's what happened.

And the hired men, the minute the bull's attention was centered on the dog made a rush for Atkinson, who unable to aid himself, lay prone on the ground. They quickly carried him to the fence, lifted him over and then jumped to safety themselves. The dog all this time was having the time of his life dodging the enraged bull's rushes and after he saw his master safely outside the fence, Mr. Collie, as if to say goodbye to the bull, gave one loud yelp and leaped over the fence at a bound, seemingly satisfied with his afternoon's work.

That Atkinson was not killed seems a miraculous thing. He was terribly bruised but he is able to be about the place, his friends declare it wouldn't happen once in a thousand years that a man could go through such an experience without getting killed.

The bull hereafter, which had been treated so kindly and give such freedom about the yard, will now have a ring put in his nose and will be handled as becomes his disposition.

Credited to Webster.

Daniel Webster was once dining with a snobbish Bostonian who had the ill manners to boast of the quality, age and cost of his wine. He even went into a computation of the interest on the cost that had accrued since the purchase of the wine. Webster listened courteously, and when the computation was ended, he held out his glass to his host and quietly remarked, "Let us stop that accumulation of interest."

Best Diet for Workers.

After exhaustive research in Paris a famous French scientist has recommended a diet equally divided between meats and vegetables as the best for working people.

Modern Euphemism.

Another reason why we like ern times is because the wom has to put three guests in h room calls it a house party.—ton News.

FIFTH BRIGADE ARRIVES AT VERA CRUZ



Scene at the docks in Vera Cruz as the soldiers of the Fifth brigade, under General Funston, arrived and disembarked to carry on the work begun by the naval forces.

DELEGATES SELECTED BY GEN. HUERTA

Mexican Dictator Notifies Mediators of Appointment of Galindo and Rabasa—Federals Who Attacked Americans at Vera Cruz Waterworks Repelled—Carranza Eliminated.

Washington, May 5.—The A.-B.-C. mediators have received word from General Huerta that he has selected two of the three men who will represent him in the peace negotiations. They are Augustine Galindo, under secretary of justice, and D. Emilio Rabasa, a Mexican jurist. Secretary Bryan said the American representatives had not yet been selected.

Mediators Eliminate Rebel.

A.-B.-C. mediators have eliminated Carranza from the peace proposals. They have notified him that as he has refused to agree to an armistice the invitation to him to join in the Mexican proceedings is withdrawn and that he need not send a representative. As Huerta has limited his representatives to a consideration of the Tampico incident, the mediation plan appears to be practically throttled.

Carranza Sends Inquiry.

It was learned from an authoritative source that Carranza had sent another telegram to the mediators inquiring as to their request for the appointment of a Carranza delegate; the extent of his functions and whether this would be limited to the controversy between the United States and Huerta, beyond which Carranza has shown no signs of negotiating.

Meanwhile, the mediators were concerned chiefly in not having any untoward warfare by advance posts and skirmishers to cause complications. Besides the actual steps they have taken, they view their largest work thus far as being a suspension of a condition of war and the time this has given to consider the possibility of finding middle ground of adjustment. They were reasonably hopeful that an open rupture and warfare was put off, except for the movement of the Carranza forces.

Funston Ready to Fight.

Vera Cruz, May 5.—General Funston, with 13,000 troops, marines and bluejackets, has strengthened outposts and planted artillery at every approach to the city, to battle, if necessary, 16,000 Mexicans reported in a warlike move a few miles away.

The American force is regarded as adequate to rout the threatening Mexicans. Reinforcements will be rushed from Galveston if the enemy shows in larger numbers.

The Huerta soldiers did not make a determined attack on the pumping plant, and it is regarded as a scheme to hide the plan to surprise General Funston with a march on the city.

Field guns and all available men on the battleships have been ordered to be ready to land at a moment's notice.

Huerta Break Is Confirmed.

Latest arrivals from Mexico City confirm the previous reports of a growing undercurrent of feeling against the Huerta regime, and tell of a rumor of a rupture between Huerta and General Blanquet, minister of war.

Some of the returning Americans who claim to have information from those close to Huerta declare he is reiterating to confidants that he will never resign, but talks of the possibilities of a coup against him.

Several of the American business men say the foreign diplomatic representatives counseled them not to leave the capital; that there was no necessity to do so, as there was practically no danger, and the whole situation would be clarified soon.

Carranza Refuses Armistice.

Washington, May 4.—Carranza has refused to agree on an armistice with Huerta pending the mediation proceedings. This shatters the hope of the A.-B.-C. mediators for the pacification of Mexico without further recourse to arms.

As the situation now stands, despite the prolonged discussions of the A.-B.-C. envoys, the mediators will have only to do with the differences between the United States and Huerta. Succinctly expressed, the differences are these:

The refusal of President Wilson to recognize Huerta as de facto president of Mexico.

The refusal of Huerta to salute the American flag in atonment for the Tampico incident.

Carranza has agreed to the establishment of a neutral zone at the Tampico oil fields, but refused to agree to an armistice which would preclude further attempts to wrest Tampico from the federals.

The march of Villa on Saltillo, Tampico and his ultimate goal of Mexico City will proceed without regard to the mediation plans. It appears that there may be a temporary truce at Tampico while the arrangements for neutral zone at the oil fields are being made.

The mediators held several meetings and consulted with Secretary Bryan, but no announcement of prog ress was made.

Following reports from Mexico City to the effect that Huerta might attempt to render the American possession of Vera Cruz ridiculous by suddenly agreeing to salute the flag, it developed that there is a strong feeling in the senate committee on foreign relations against withdrawing from Vera Cruz without a complete reckoning with Mexico.

Only one senator out of five was of the opinion that the American troops could be withdrawn in the event that Huerta meets the apparently single issue between him and Wilson.

U. S. Troops Fired on by Federals.

Vera Cruz, May 4.—Shots were exchanged between a force of Mexicans and the American outposts at the waterworks at El Tejar, nine miles from this city.

The Mexicans threatened to "attack immediately unless the Americans surrendered their position at the water plant in ten minutes," but no general attack was made when the American troops failed to retire. Probably a half dozen shots were fired.

The Mexicans are still holding a position beyond the waterworks station and the American troops have received no orders to advance. At 11 o'clock in the morning a Mexican force estimated at from three to five hundred men appeared a mile beyond the waterworks station. As Major Russell of the marines had received orders not to assume the offensive he and his men watched the Mexicans with much interest.

Suddenly a Mexican lieutenant and a non-commissioned officer bearing a white flag advanced and presented a demand for the Americans to surrender within ten minutes.

Major Russell's reply was:

"Hurry right back and do not waste any of the time your commanding officer has stipulated."

Major Russell then made preparations to resist an attack, at the same time sending a message to headquarters in Vera Cruz that his outpost was threatened. Back at headquarters Brigadier General Funston and his staff had been conscientiously working out the details of the new government which the brigadier had been instructed to establish. The wireless message from the waterworks station at El Tejar brought about a quick change from this comparatively prosaic work to that of active army duty. Within a few minutes headquarters had notified Maj. John H. Russell that reinforcements were on the way to aid him, and in little more than an hour, instead of the 240 marines composing the command of Major Russell at the outpost of El Tejar, there were in position to support him more than twelve hundred men, while the entire garrison of Vera Cruz was ready for any movement that might be ordered.

Huerta Ready to Quit.

Vera Cruz, May 4.—Persistent reports continue to circulate here that General Huerta intends to retire from the provisional presidency of Mexico on condition that he be assured a safe conduct to a port and placed on board a foreign warship. It is declared in this city that he was ready to resign a week ago, but was prevented from doing so by internal dissensions in his cabinet.

Rebel Refuses to Protect Oil Wells.

Washington, May 2.—Carranza has notified the state department that he is not willing to make an agreement in regard to the neutralization of the oil well zone at Tampico, but so far as his forces are concerned, the operators may return to the oil wells without being molested.

The refusal of Carranza to agree to the establishment of the zone came quickly after Secretary of State Bryan had undertaken to bring it about without the aid of the British government. To help the negotiations, Secretary Bryan sent Consul Henry Miller back to Tampico. Mr. Miller had decided to leave Mexico.

American Held as Spy Is Freed.

Vera Cruz, May 2.—Authoritative information has been received from the federal government in Mexico City that Dr. Edward W. Ryan, who had been arrested as a spy at Zacatecas, and who it was reported had been condemned to death, has been released. Doctor Ryan, it is officially announced, is on his way to Mexico City. President Huerta has agreed to insure his safe passage to Vera Cruz.

Narrows Peace Plan.

It had been the plan of the mediators to endeavor to settle the whole Mexican problem, including the internal strife and the troubles between the United States and Huerta, but the stand of General Carranza and his followers may narrow the negotiations down to the controversy between the Mexico City and the Washington governments.

One of the most satisfactory developments of the negotiations is the encouraging attitude of the European powers. This has served to increase the optimism of the administration as well as the mediators that the trouble will be adjusted without recourse to further hostilities.

Rebels to Attack Tampico.

Jiminez, State of Chihuahua, Mexico, May 2.—There has been a sudden shift in the military plans of the constitutionalists. General Francisco Villa decided not to attack Saltillo, capital of Ccahuila, but will join forces with General Pablo Gonzales and Luis Caballero in front of Tampico. The constitutionalists will then have a combined force of 32,500 men for an attack upon Tampico.

In the meantime, a force will be left around Saltillo to prevent federal troops from re-enforcing the garrison of that beleaguered city.

It is believed that General Maclovo Herrera will be put in supreme command of the rebels attacking Tampico, although if the attack of the rebels shows signs of being unsuccessful, General Villa may go in person to lead the attack.

Rebels Refuse Truce With Federals.

Chihuahua, Mex., May 5.—General Carranza will not permit his troops in front of Tampico to make a truce of any sort with the federal garrison defending the seaport. In reply to a message from Gen. Luis Caballero, commander of the constitutionalist forces at Tampico, asking for advice on the truce asked by the federal commander in the city, Carranza said:

"Do not enter into any truce under any circumstances."

General Caballero did not say for what reason the federals desired an armistice. He reported to Carranza that the constitutionalist forces have taken possession of the waterworks outside of Tampico and that the water supply of the town is completely cut off.

RAILWAYS OF MEXICO.

The total mileage of railways is 15,251, and that of telegraph lines 46,112.

A concession was granted for the construction of a railway from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico in 1857. It was not completed until 1873.

This railway, the logical route of United States troops to the Mexican capital, is known as the "Ferrocarril Mexicano," and "is celebrated because of the difficulties overcome on the precipitous eastern slopes of the Sierra Madre, the beauties of the mountain scenery through which it passes, and the rapid transition from the hot, humid coastal plain to the cool, arid plateau, 7,924 feet above the sea at Boca del Monte. The railway extends 264 miles between Vera Cruz and Mexico City." The line was capitalized at $46,000,000, and has paid a good profit on the investment.

Actual railway construction did not begin until 1878, during the first term of President Porfirio Diaz.

The two railway lines running northward from the capital to the American frontier, popularly called the Mexican Central and the Mexican National, were merged in 1908 with an aggregate capital of $460,000,000, Mexican money, of which the Mexican government holds a controlling interest.

Chicago Woman Economical.

Chicago.—Chicago women are economical according to experts who after an investigation found that the garbage is less per capita here than in other large cities.

HEAD OF BANK BOARD

PRESIDENT SELECTS RICHARD OLNEY AS GOVERNOR OF U. S. BODY.

EXPECTED TO TAKE POST

Paul Warburg of New York Also to Be Member of Federal Reserve Board—Chicagoan Is Probable Appointee.

Washington, May 6.—President Wilson on Monday selected Richard Olney, secretary of state in the Cleveland administration, to be governor of the federal reseve currency board and Paul Warburg of New York as a member.

Although the president has offered the governorship to Mr. Olney, word of his acceptance was still awaited. Friends here were inclined to believe he would not decline.

The ambassadorship to Great Britain was offered to Mr. Olney early last year, but he expressed an unwillingness to leave the country because of his business interests.

Although Mr. Olney is seventy-eight years old, he is active, and has had a long experience in the business and financial world, which the president and his advisers believe would especially qualify him to be head of the reserve board.

Mr. Warburg, who was connected with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has accepted the offer of membership on the board. Formal announcement of his selection as well as that of the other three members of the board, besides the governor, is expected to be made within the next two or three days, as offers are being made to the men whom the president has selected. It is understood that a southern banker is to be one of the three, but no intimation has come as yet as to his identity.

Official Washington, as well as banking circles generally, are awaiting the announcement of the full personnel with intense interest, as it formally will set to motion the new currency law, which was signed December 2, 1913.

With the selection of the 12 regional reserve banks, the organization of the board has been the most vital step in the operation of the new currency law. The banks are being organized and the expectation of officials is that within another month the entire system will be in full swing, although there are some transitions which will occupy a greater time.

The complete board will consist of seven members at salaries of $12,000 a year. The secretary of the treasury and the comptroller of the currency are ex-officio members, and the five other members are appointed by the president. The law stipulates that the members should be appointed with reference to the "geographical, commercial and financial divisions of the country."

With Mr. Olney representing New England and Mr. Warburg New York, it was expected that the other members to be selected would represent the South, the middle West and the far West.

The appointees will serve ten years.

Richard Olney was attorney-general and later secretary of state in President Cleveland's second term. He negotiated the Venezuelan treaty with England and handled many other important matters. He was born September 15, 1835, at Oxford, Mass.

MILLIONAIRE IS SLAIN BY SON

Hiram Duryea, Aged 81, of New York, Murdered While Asleep—Slayer Believed Insane.

New York, May 6.—While suffering from mental delusions Chester Duryea, forty-three, shot and killed his father, Hiram Duryea, millionaire starch manufacturer, at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, in their splendid home at 120 Eighty-fifth street, Bay Ridge. The father was eighty-one years old.

Since 1909 Chester Duryea has been watched intermittently by nurses because of his peculiarities, but at no time was he regarded as dangerous. In June, 1909, he created a scene when a nurse attempted to remove him to a sanitarium for mental treatment. He was later declared sane by physicians.

The slaying of General Duryea was dramatic. He was asleep on an open porch on the second floor of the home when he stole cautiously upon him. The son was armed with a high-powered rifle and a revolver of large caliber. Whether Chester awoke his father before firing is not known, but servants were suddenly aroused by hearing seven shots ring out.

The son had first fired several shots from the revolver into the body of his father and then sent two or three bullets from the rifle.

The sleeping house was aroused in an instant. Frightened servants rushed to the sleeping porch and found Chester, wild-eyed and threatening.

Oleo Manufacturer in Jail.

Chicago, May 6.—Judge Celger imposed a sentence of two years in the penitentiary and a fine of $10,000 upon John F. Jelke, oleomargarine manufacturer, found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the U. S. by false labels.

Youth Guilty of Slaying Father.

Marshall, May 6.—John Davis, aged fifteen, pleaded guilty before Circuit Court Judge North to murdering his father, Harve Davis, April 26. Noah E. Stanley, his brother-in-law, will have a trial in September.

HAYNES

We do not ask *you* to do *our* experimenting

During the twenty-one years in which we have been building motor cars, we have *never* asked the public to do our experimenting. Every unit of the Haynes car is designed, checked and thoroughly tested before receiving its final O. K.

The American Simms Dual High Tension Magneto is positively the most simple dual ignition ever devised. It was recommended by the Haynes engineers after careful speed and compression tests *proved beyond doubt* that it was unusually efficient and absolutely dependable.

The Leece-Neville Starting and Lighting Separate Unit System was chosen in 1910 because of its high efficiency and has been used on the Haynes car *ever since*, although numerous other starting and lighting systems have been tested in our laboratories from time to time. This system is dust-proof and has proven itself 100% efficient in every instance. There is no apparatus, however, on the

HAYNES

America's First Car

that has been subjected to a more severe test than the Vulcan Electric Gear Shift. This device is even a greater improvement than the starting and lighting system, because it not only simplifies the control but positively prevents stripping of gears.

While the electric gear shift is a great invention, it is not radically new, being just a natural development of the electro-magnet, which has been in use since 1820. The same principle is used by steel companies to lift tons and tons of metal; the electric railways adopted it long ago to shift switches automatically, and the little hammer that strikes the bell in your telephone is actuated by the impulse of a similar magnet.

The Haynes car is *not an experiment*. It represents the height of refinement, convenience and reliability in motor car design. It's the year-ahead car.

The Haynes "Four," 48 dynamometer horsepower, 118 inch wheelbase...$1785 and $1985
The Haynes "Six," 65 dynamometer horsepower, 130-inch wheelbase.....$2500 and $2700
The Haynes "Six," 65 dynamometer horsepower, 136 inch wheelbase.....$2585 and $2785

"The Complete Motorist" by Elwood Haynes, Father of the American Automobile Industry, fully describing the Vulcan Electric Gear Shift, will be mailed upon receipt of ten cents in stamps. Write to

THE HAYNES AUTOMOBILE COMPANY
26 Main Street, Kokomo, Indiana
Builders of America's First Car

The Haynes car is handled by direct Factory Branch at 1702 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill., and by dealers throughout Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin.

Dealers: The Haynes sells readily because of its mechanical features. You may be in open territory—send for catalog and four pages of detailed specifications, giving over 500 items which comprise the Haynes. Write us right now!

THE HAYNES AUTOMOBILE CO., 26 Main St., Kokomo, Ind.
Enclosed find 10 cents in stamps. Please send me Elwood Haynes' Book, "The Complete Motorist."
Name.....
Address.....
I expect to buy a car about.....

Sounded Like It.

Mr. Murray, irritable from long confinement to a sick bed, cocked up his ears as he listened.

"Phat's all that piano-bangin' in th' parlor?" he then demanded glaring at his wife.

"That is our daughter Mary takin' her first steps in piano-playin'," rejoined his wife.

"Her first steps! Phat's she doin', walking on the kayboard?"

After the votes have been counted most of the candidates discover that their names were on the wrong ticket.

Have You a Bad Back?

Does your back ache night and day, making work a burden and rest impossible? Do you suffer stabbing, darting pains when stooping or lifting? Most bad backs are due to hidden trouble in the kidneys and if the kidney secretions are scant or too frequent of passage, proof of kidney trouble is complete. Delay may pave the way to serious kidney ills. For bad backs and weak kidneys use Doan's Kidney Pills—recommended the world over.

A MICHIGAN CASE

William Hough, 916 Alderman St., Belding, Mich., says: "I had lumbago and rheumatic pains and my limbs were terribly stiff. I doctored but didn't get relief and most gave up hope. Finally I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the first box helped me. I kept on until cured and I have been well ever since."

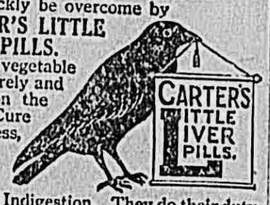


Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.



SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

35 BUSHELS PER ACRE was the yield of WHEAT

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

on many farms in Western Canada in 1913, some yields being reported as high as 50 bushels per acre. As high as 100 bushels were recorded in some districts for oats, 50 bushels for barley and from 10 to 20 bus. for flax.

J. Keys arrived in the country 5 years ago from Denmark with very little means. He homesteaded, worked hard, is now the owner of 320 acres of land, in 1913 had a crop of 200 acres, which will realize him about $4,000. His wheat weighed 68 lbs. to the bushel and averaged over 35 bushels to the acre.

Thousands of similar instances might be related of the homesteaders in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The crop of 1913 was an abundant one everywhere in Western Canada.

Ask for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates. Apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

C. J. Broughton, 412 Merchants L. & T. Bldg., Chicago
M. V. McInnes, 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit.

Canadian Government Agent

$7.00 SWITCH ONLY $4.00

Cash with order or C. O. D. by Parcels Post. Send long sample of hair—we guarantee perfect match—30 inch, wavy, soft, fluffy, three separate strand, triple refined, Human Hair switch.

Special Offer—Rush Your Order.

HELEN BLACK, Box M Defiance, O.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF NOT PLEASED

If You Decide to Purchase a Home and Farm well located in Virginia, where the climate is mild, the water, health and soil good, let me post you on land values. Statistics show our soils the cheapest in the United States, compared with like soils of other States. Address W. T. BANKS, CUMBERLAND, VA.

TODD—COUNTY OF CREAMERIES, CORN AND CLOVER, write for booklet and land list. VanDyke & VanDyke, Long Prairie, Minn.

We Sell Bakers Cement Brick Machine for $5 delivered. Two men can make four thousand good bricks a day with it. Agents wanted. BAKER BROS. Blackstone, Va.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ills it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 50c. large box, or by mail. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

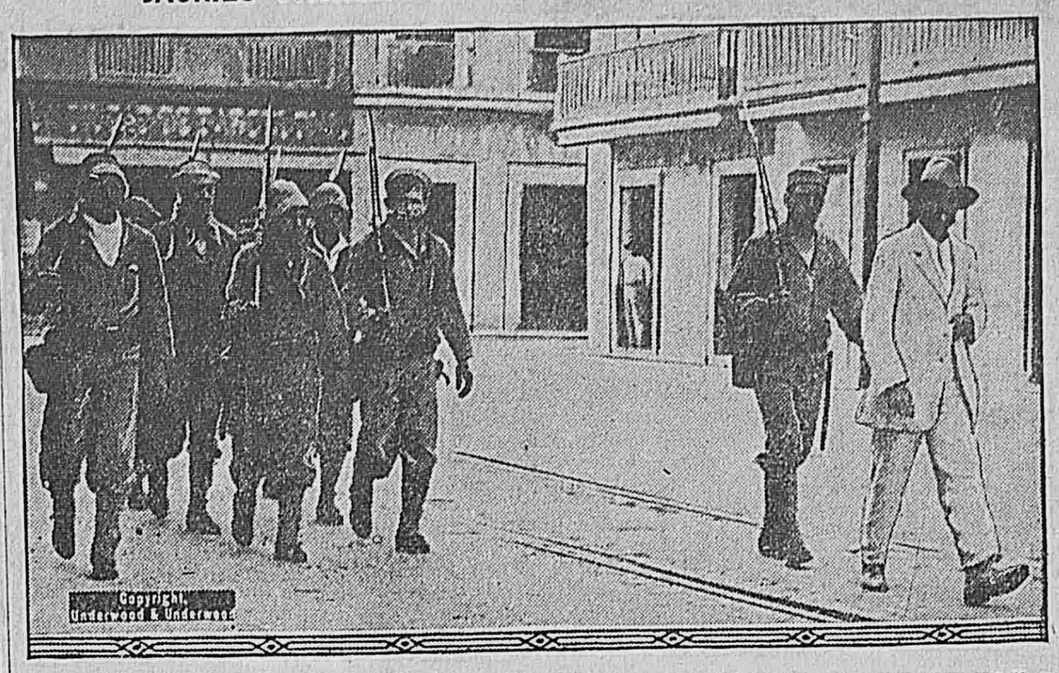
Pettit's Eye Salve FOR EYE ACHES

ARMED STRIKING MINERS AT LUDLOW, COLORADO



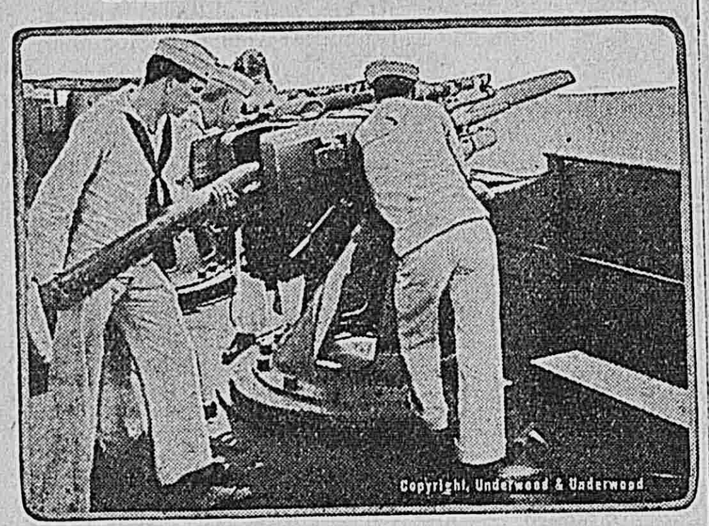
During the bloody conflict in Colorado between the striking miners on one side and the mine guards and state troops on the other, the strikers have been well equipped with arms. Some of them are here shown at the depot in Ludlow, each man carrying a gun.

JACKIES PATROLING MAIN STREET OF VERA CRUZ



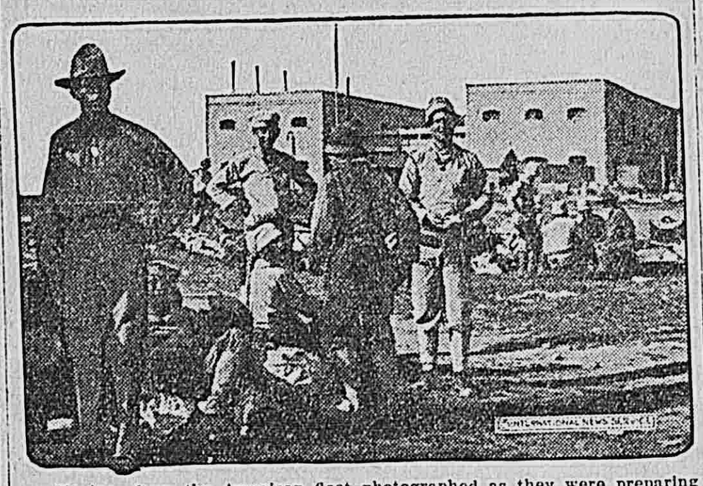
A corporal's guard of American bluejackets patroling the Avenue de Independencia, the main street of Vera Cruz. They are taking a Mexican prisoner to the guardhouse established near the railway yards.

WHEN THEY SHELLED VERA CRUZ



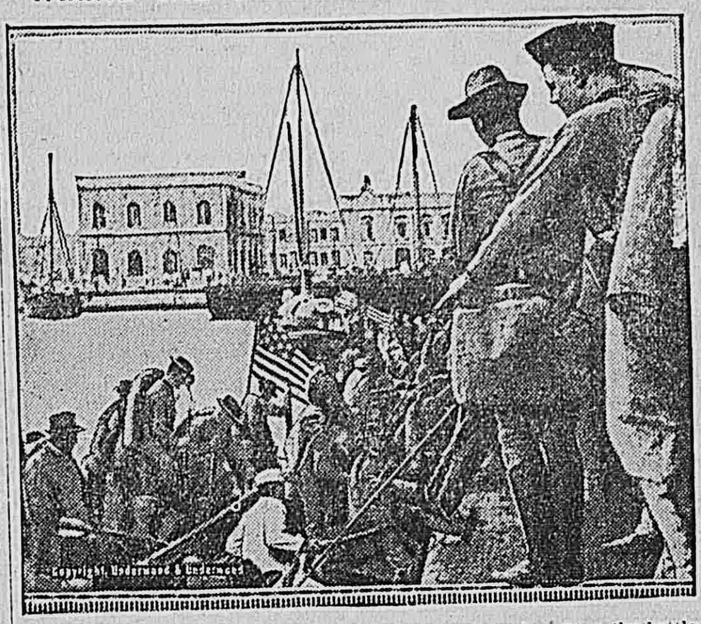
Bluejackets on an American warship ramming into a three-inch rapid-fire rifle one of the missiles which was hurled at Vera Cruz when the shelling of the city was made necessary by the persistence of the Mexican "snipers."

MARINES PITCHING CAMP AT VERA CRUZ



Marines from the American fleet photographed as they were preparing to pitch their camp ashore in Vera Cruz.

TAKING THE STARS AND STRIPES ASHORE



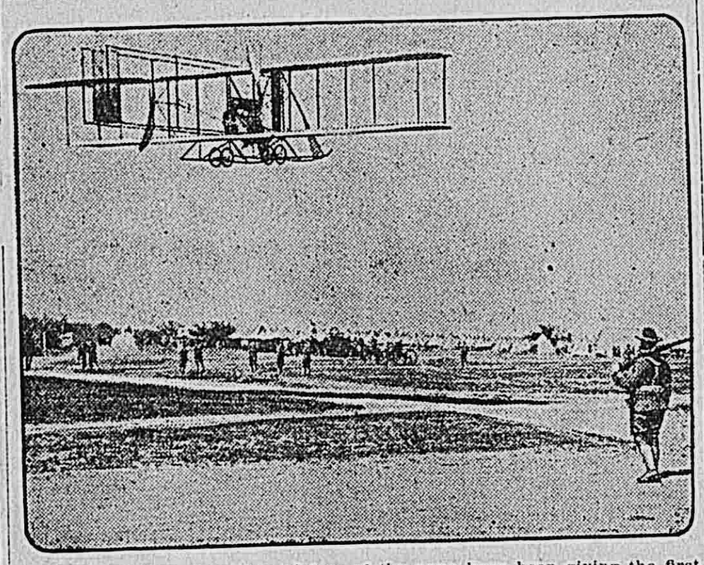
Scene at the Vera Cruz docks as the jackies and marines from the battleship Florida scampered ashore, bearing the American flag.

MARINES MOVING GUNS INTO VERA CRUZ



Marines from the American fleet are here seen drawing guns and caissons through the streets of Vera Cruz. The building in the background is a hotel.

NAVAL AVIATORS SCOUT AROUND VERA CRUZ



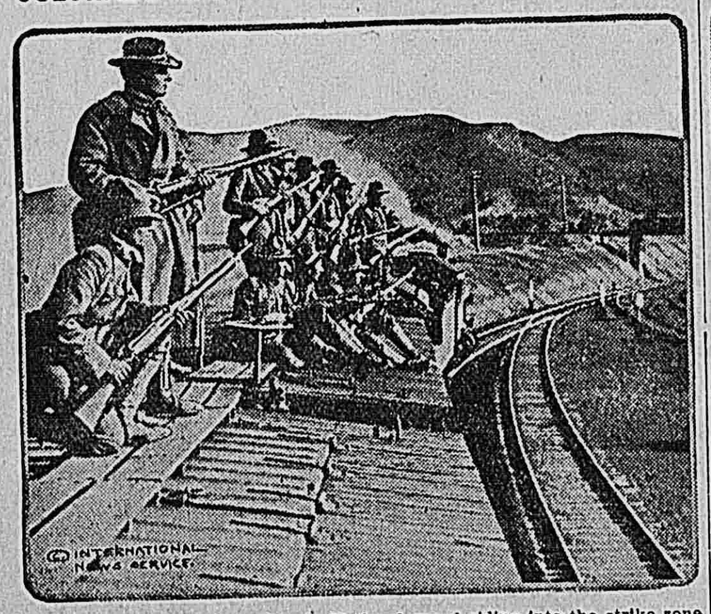
Down at Vera Cruz the aviators of the navy have been giving the first demonstration of their value in connection with military operations. Lieut. P. N. L. Bellinger and his aids have made flights over the city and the surrounding country, with the especial object of ascertaining whether the bridges of the railway to Mexico City are still intact.

FIRING AT THE VERA CRUZ SNIPERS



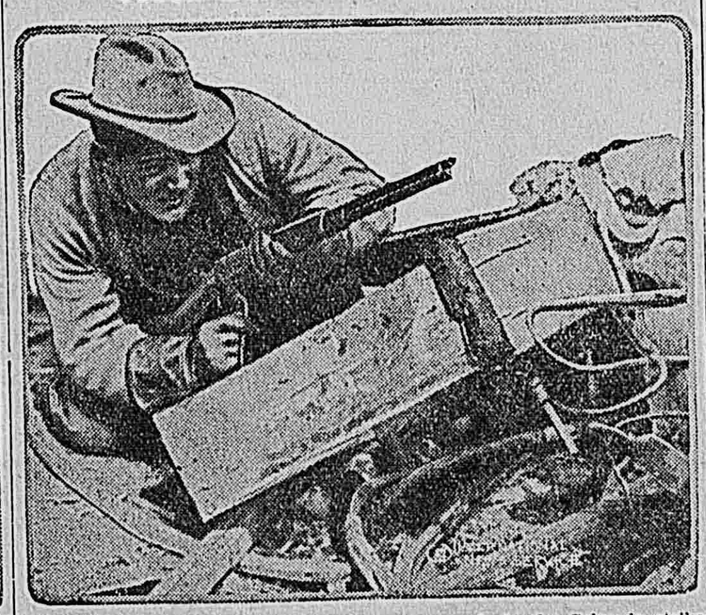
Some of the first detachment of jackies who landed at Vera Cruz found a natural breastwork in the shape of a huge boiler. From behind this shelter the boys were busily engaged in picking off the Mexican "snipers" perched on rooftops and hidden behind roof chimneys taking pot shots at the men of our navy as they landed.

COLORADO MILITIA GOING TO FIGHT STRIKERS



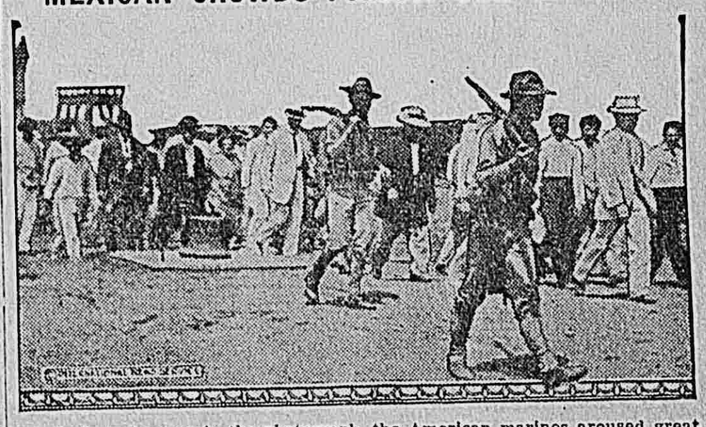
A detachment of the Colorado National guard riding into the strike zone on the tops of freight cars, ready to fight the striking miners. The militia proved unequal to the task of restoring order.

COLORADO MINE GUARD AT BAY



This photograph shows one of the mine guards in the Colorado strike zone firing at the strikers from behind the debris of a burned mine camp. Many of these guards were killed in the battles.

MEXICAN CROWDS FOLLOW OUR MARINES



As is to be seen in the photograph, the American marines aroused great interest among the people of Vera Cruz, and crowds followed them as they made their way to the posts assigned them.

Hollanders Reclaiming Land.

Hollanders boast that "God made the world, but the Dutch made Holland." Land reclamation, a task that has been prosecuted steadily for centuries with such indefatigable energy, is still going on as actively as ever in Holland. From twenty thousand to twenty-five thousand acres of land are reclaimed every year. It is said, however, that more than two hundred and fifty thousand acres of the best soil is still under water, not including the great area under the Zuyder zee, the reclamation of which is a perennial topic of discussion.

A Suspicion.

"You know," said the weary-looking man, "that our next-door neighbors have a parrot, a self-playing piano and several children who sing and recite!"

"What of it?"

"I was wondering whether it wasn't possible for this pitiless publicity idea to be overdone."

Take Heed of the Present.

Thoreau was a philosopher whose one aim was high truth, and who was impatient of littleness. He said once: "You can't kill time without injuring eternity," and the truth of the epigram is as great as its wit. The living present demands everyone's best, and to fritter it away is fatal.

New York.

New York is the most wonderful city in the western hemisphere. It has the tallest office buildings in the world; it has the greatest bridges on the North American continent; it has more hotels than any other city in the world; its stock exchange is the greatest in existence; it is the world's greatest seaport; it has the most magnificent railway stations in America; it is the greatest banking center in the country; more popular songs are published in New York than in all other cities combined; it has more Pittsburgh millionaires than Pittsburgh; it has a larger Irish population than Dublin; a larger Jewish population than Jerusalem had in its most glorious days, and, according to estimates made by our most able estimators, it has a larger number of native New Yorkers than Cohoes.—Chicago Record-Herald.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

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THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1914.

The free tolls controversy now again rages in the Senate of the United States and it is significent that the bill is in danger inasmuch as some of the Administration Senators have met the objections to a change of the canal act by including the following paragraph in the law which proposes to place the vessels of all nations passing through the canal on an equal footing. The proposed amendment reads: "The passage of this act, or anything therein contained, shall not be constructed as waiving, impairing, or affecting any rights possessed by the United States, under treaty or otherwise."

The biggest lump of sugar in the government teacup has been furnished by Argentine, Brazil and Chili—known as the A. B. C. mediators. The offer of these South American countries to use their good offices in adjusting our differences with Mexico has been welcomed by Washington. According to the Hague convention, when mediation occurs after the commencement of hostilities, it causes no interruption to the military operations in progress, unless there be an agreement to the contrary. Since the fact has sunk in upon Mexico that the United States does not propose to be trifled with any longer, there has been a noticeable change of front, and the official relations--though the direct representatives of the countries have been recalled from Mexico City and Washington, have been of a more definite and satisfactory nature than heretofore.

Robert H. Terrell was appointed justice of the peace by President Roosevelt, and because of excellent service was promoted to be judge of the Municipal Court of the District of Columbia, by President Taft. President Wilson reappointed Mr. Terrell to this position, on February 18, and within the past few days the appointment has been confirmed in the Senate after a bitter fight, the vote on the confirmation being thirty-nine to twenty-four. The action of President Wilson was based upon the recommendation of Attorney General McReynolds, and was approved the Bar Association of the District of Columbia, who declared the official record of Mr. Terrell to be unusually good. The reason may all be found in the fact that Terrell is a negro. His appointment was bitterly opposed by Senator Vardaman of Mississippi, the man who wears his hair down his back like an Indian doctor. Vardaman declares that he will fight the appointment of all negro appointees, and there are plenty of other southerners who will do likewise. It shows the serious status of the race problem in Congress.

An acute condition is likely to make its effect known among gum chewing stenographers, ribbon clerks and effeminate young men, as it is found by the Pan-American Bureau at Washington that there are 10,000,000 inveterate chewers of gum in the UnitedStates. Chicle may be Greek to most of these people, but to make it clear it is explained that chicle is the sap of the sapote tree, technically known as sapota zapotilla; and these Spanish jaw-breaking words explained just how most of our chewing gum is made. While protecting the flag is important, yet how about the sapota zapotilla? If anything should happen in Mexico that would cut off this gum supply it would lead to complications quite as far reaching as those other affairs we have with the Huertaites, the Carranza's and Villa's. It takes 300,000,000 packages of gum annually to run the United States, and Mexico has to supply practically all of the sap of the sapote. With this in mind, the gum chewers will wish for the success of the mediation plan as proposed by the A. B. C. powers.

Losses of Stock

The Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture has received estimates from its correspondents and agents concerning losses of live stock from diseases and from exposure during the past year, and their relative condition on April 1, from which the following summary is made:

The losses of swine from disease are estimated at 119 to every 1,000 hogs in the country, which exceeds last year's heavy loss of 110 per 1,000, and the average yearly loss in the preceeding 10 years of 54.9 per 1,000. Probably more than 90 per cent of the loss was from cholera. The percentage of loss applied to the estimated number of hogs on January 1, indicates a total loss of $73,000,000. The average weight of a hog on the farm is about 150 pounds, mostly cholera. A billion pounds live weight produce nearly 800,000,000 pound of dressed meat and lard. This amount would be sufficient to furnish every family of the United States (average, 4½ persons) about 40 pounds. If there had been no such loss, probably increasing scarcity of meat would have been largely prevented.

The country is passing through the third serious epidemic of hog cholera of the past 30 years. The first period reached its climax in 1886 to 1887, when the loss amounted to about 134 per 1,000 head in one year. The second outbreak developed in 1894, and reached its climax in 1896 to 1897, when losses amounted to 144 per 1,000 head. The present extensive epidemic of hog cholera began to be serious in 1911; during the 10 prior years the loss of swine ranged from 45 to 58 per 1,000 per year; in 1911 it jumpad to 89, then to 110 in 1912, and to 119 last year. It has thoroughly ravaged the heart of the hog-producing belt during the year just past. In the state of Iowa alone, losses amounted to nearly 1,800,000 swine, over a fourth of the entire number in the State. In many counties over half were lost, and in some townships over nine-tenths.

The losses of swine from disease are usually heaviest in southern states and lightest in northern states. Estimates of losses have been kept for 30 years. The States showing the heaviest average yearly loss in these 30 years are, in their order, Arkansas, 119 per 1,000; Louisiana, 110; Florida, 109, the states showing the lightest losses are, Maine 19, Wyoming 19, New Hampshire, 22. In Georgia the average is 94, in Alabama and Mississippi each 92; in Texas 66; whereas in New York the average 26, in Michigan 34, in Minnesota 46, in North Dakota 31, and in Washington and Oregon 29.

Death of Chas M. Story

Charles M. Story, resident of Arlington since 1880, died at the hospital in Volga, Saturday, April 18, 1914, 7:30 p. m., following a surgical operation the previous day. Mr. Story came out from the operation and for twenty-four hours done very well, but after that period of time he seemed to fail and passed away quietly. He had not sufficient vitality to withstand the operation and the poison had permeated his system until perhaps the operation was of a more serious nature than was expected. He had not been very well for twelve years and the past year failed very rapidly.

Mr. Story was a pioneer and a highly respected citizen of Arlington. He was the town's first banker, thirty-one years ago, for in the spring of 1883 the firm of Story & Kidder organized the Central Dakota bank which is now the First National band of Arlington. Of late years he was engaged in the real estate business. Four years ago he built in Arlington one of the finest homes in this section of the state.

Chas. Monroe Story was born in Antioch, Illinois, July 4, 1844. His parents Wm. A. Story and Isabella Stafford, were born in England. In 1840 they came west to Antioch, Ill., where Mr. Story was born. There were five children and in 1852, following the excitement of gold discovery in California, the father decided to go across the plains to the golden west, the family went with an ox team which took over six months, they started from Antioch, Ill., in March and the hardships endured on this trip were terrible. The country through Iowa was sparsely settled and there were no bridges over the streams. Nebraska was a desert waste and no water to be found. The oxen and even the dog "Beaver" became so foot sore their feet had to be wrapped with skins of wild animals found along the trail. The family returned to the east by boat in 1860, going to New York and then to Illinois. In 1866 Mr. Monroe Story returned to Caiifornia by the Isthmus and returned to the states again in 1869 by the first train from California over the new Union Pacific railroad.

He returned to Antioch, Ill., and spent some time in Waukegan later he came to South Dakota. In November, 1873, he was married to Ella M. Palmer at Kenosha, Wisconsin. He is survived by his wife and one son Frank; one sister, Mrs. M. A. Howard of Kenosha, Wis., and one brother, J. B. Story of Antioch, Ill.

Deceased was a member of the local Masonic fraternity, which order, accompanied by a number of the Commandery from Brookings, has charge of the funeral at the family home here Wednesday, April 22, 2 o'clock. Rev. Tarleton of the Methodist church preached the funeral sermon. The Masonic body marched to the house and later headed the funeral procession of automobiles to the cemetery. The house was filled with friends who came to pay their last respects to the departed one. The flowers displayed by the casket were beautiful. Friends of the bereaved family unite in extending their heartfelt sympathy at this time.

Mrs. J. E. Perkins a neice of Mr. Story and C. E. Dewey, cousin of Mrs. Story of Kenosha, Wis., and Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Palmer of Lennox, S. D., father and mother of Mrs. Story arriv-

ON GUARD AGAINST DISEASE

Federal Health Service Ever on the Watch to Bar Out or Cope With a Plague.

If plague breaks out today in Calcutta or Amoy, or St. Petersburg, or at Punta Arenas on the Strait of Magellan, or at Basra on the Persian gulf, or at Topeka, Kan., or at any place else in the whole wide world, certain governmental authorities at Washington will know of it tomorrow and the organization of defense against it will be put in operation, the Review of Reviews states. If the contagion is beyond our own borders a barrier is immediately thrown up which makes it next to impossible for the disease to enter at any of the 17,000 miles of American coastline. If it is within, and a serious menace, a cordon of health police is thrown around it and science is set to work on its extermination. If it is some strange malady outside the realm of established knowledge, the spotlight of science is flashed upon it, and all that man knows is brought to the solution of the riddle.

The federal agency having in hand the gigantic undertaking of battling the disease of the world is the public health service of the United States. With the idea that health is a national asset, this government bureau has been placed under the treasury department. The backbone of the service is its staff of about 140 surgeons who bear commissions, thus comprising a military organization which wears a uniform. Supplementing these is a staff of some 250 acting assistant surgeons, various internes, pharmacists and hospital attendants, which brings the direct employes of the bureau up to 1,500.

OLD FRIENDS OF JEFFERSON

Darky Caretaker Had His Own Idea of Just What the Two Famous Statues Represented.

Before Monticello — the Virginia home of Thomas Jefferson—became the property of Mr. Levy, it had passed through various changes of fortune and owners. Several old negroes lived on the place, presumably caretakers, and were grandchildren and great-grandchildren of slaves owned by Mr. Jefferson. They had as much pride in their birthright as any of Mr. Jefferson's decendants, and showed the place with great satisfaction to visitors, and were humbly grateful for a few pennies as their reward.

On one occasion, while showing some strangers over the grounds, one of the old white-haired darkies pointed with great pride to the marble statues. "Dis here, sah, is Mrs. Venus, and dis one is Miss Ceres, her daughter. Dese here ladies Marse Jefferson met when he was a-travelin' over dar in Paris."

Held Many High Positions.

One hundred years ago March 16 Return J. Meigs became postmaster general of the United States. Mr. Meigs belonged to a family that played a conspicuous part in the early civil and military history of the United States. After graduating from Yale he went with his father to Ohio, engaging in the practice of law at Marietta. He was the first chief justice of the state of Ohio. After the Louisiana purchase President Jefferson appointed him a supreme court judge of Louisiana, and later he occupied a like position in the newly formed territory of Michigan. Mr. Meigs also served as United States senator from Ohio and as governor of that state. When his term as governor expired, President Madison gave him the post office portfolio in his cabinet, which he held for nine years. He resigned and retired from public life in 1823, but did not long enjoy the rest he had so well earned, for he died at Marietta early in 1824.

Slaves of Azteca.

This system of bondage, or peonage as it is called, is very simple, says the Christian Herald. The peon receives a scant wage, and then is required to purchase his worldly goods of all varieties at the proprietor's store. There he is enecouraged to be extravagant. He very soon runs into debt. It is a very simple matter, then, to keep him in debt. And the Mexican law decrees that so long as an Indian workman owes a cent to his employer he is the latter's chattel and must go on working for him until the debt is paid. For three centuries and a half this system, with variations, has prevailed in Mexico. Do you wonder that the Mexican working class has developed a slave mind?

Old Cal's Explanation.

"The late Shelby Cullom," said a Springfield veteran, "was a bad man to argue with.

"I argued with him once on war. He accused me of being weak-kneed in my principles. He said I reminded him of old Cal Clay.

"He saw Cal rolling along home one evening, he explained, full of apple-jack, and so he said to him:

"'Why, Cal, you told me once that you were a teetotaler.'

"'So Ah is, Mars Shelby,' said old Cal, 'so Ah is; only, sah, Ah hain't bigoted.'"

Toll of the Stamps.

The total number of stamps issued to date is stated to be 24,973, of which 7,334 are apportioned to the British empire and 17,639 to the rest of the world. Europe has issued 5,203; Asia, 4,823; Africa, 5,768; America, 5,470;

LAST OF ASSYRIAN KINGS

Sardanapalus Given Credit by Historians for Foundation of Ancient City of Tarsus.

An ancient legend tells us that Sardanapalus was the founder of Tarsus while others ascribe that honor to Sennacherib, king of Nineveh, of whom the Bible record speaks. An interesting part of this legend about Sardanapalus, the last of the Assyrian kings, tells us that he recorded on his tomb near Anchiale, a record of having built a nearby city in one day, a feat surely worthy of any king, but the kings of those days, it must be remembered, took as much license with the record on their tombs as any Munchausen who ever lived.

We are also told that on this tomb was a statue of the king snapping his fingers, while this inscription was written beneath: "Sardanapalus, son of Anakyndaraxes, built Anchiale and Tarsus in one day. Eat, drink and play, for everything else is not worth this" (a snap of your finger). Whether this statute and its inscription are purely mythical or not, the tradition was probably current in Paul's time, as his own words indicate: "If after the manner of men I have fought with beasts at Ephesus, what advantageth it me if the dead rise not? Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die." What greater contrast could there be than between the strenuous, manly, undaunted apostle and the voluptuous, blase king who was said to have founded the city where hundreds of years later St. Paul was born?—Christian Herald.

BOUND TO HAVE INTERVIEW

Pertinacity of American Woman Journalist Too Much for Elusive Chinese Statesman.

The first interview with the famous Chinese statesman, Li Hung Chang, was obtained by a woman journalist, an American—Miss Elizabeth Banks, who has related how she hurried to the Chinese diplomat before she had had her breakfast, as she had been told that her victim was an early riser. But the attendants told her that she was too late, as his excellency was about to go for a drive. American determination was unabashed.

"Please go and say to his excellency that an American woman journalist called to see him before she had had her breakfast, knowing that he was an early riser. Tell him that Americans are also early risers, and that the American woman will call on him tomorrow at 7 o'clock, and, if that is too late, she will call the next day at 6, and, if that's still too late, she will come the next morning at 5, but she must see him!"

In ten minutes the attendant returned.

"His excellency will be delighted to see the American lady!" he announced.

Land of the Future Tense.

Then laziness. "Do not do today what can be put off till tomorrow" is the first commandment in the unwritten constitution of the Mexicans. Beware of the Mexican who engages to do something for you "tomorrow." For "tomorrow" merely means sometime in the future. Because of this peculiar point of view Mexico has been humorously dubbed "the land of tomorrow." It is the land of procrastination, the land of "poco tiempo," or "wait a while." An appointment made for ten o'clock in the morning may be kept at eleven or twelve o'clock, or perhaps not until afternoon. The Mexicans never cease wondering at the remarkable energy and promptitude of Americans. When it is intended to keep an appointment promptly the words "a la inglesa" are added to signify that the appointment is to be kept after the English or American fashion. — Correspondence of Christian Herald.

Perhaps He Wanted to Lose Him.

"Yes," said the clerk at the "Lost and Found" department of the Interborough (New York) Rapid Transit company, "we get all kinds of stuff here. It does beat all get-out the queer things people leave behind them on the trains. You wouldn't believe it, would you, were I tell you somebody left a parrot on an elevated train yesterday? But it's a fact. I'll show him to you," and he led the way down the aisle to where a large, green parrot sat in its cage. The "lost" bird was a very talkative one, and besides being able to say "Pretty Polly" and the other stock parrot phrases had a modest vocabulary of cuss words. "Wouldn't you think," said the clerk, "when that critter began to say 'D— — — —!' that his owner would remember and come back for him?"

Wife's Puzzle.

A woman out in Bratenahl says that the best cook she ever had left her good job to get married. The cook's new husband didn't turn out to be such a hero as he was expected to be, and the cook came back to confide her troubles to her former mistress.

"He's a pretty good husband, ma'am," she said, "but he licks me so often I can't hardly stand it no more."

"Why don't you have him arrested?"

"I've been thinking of that. But I got a lame back and can't wash no more, and how would I ever get the

Keeping a Cheerful Lent.

"I used to think," said a Baltimore woman, "that I must keep Lent by being glum and going without things myself. But I have learned a better way. Now I make extra exertions to be cheerful and to make my family happy, and I try to visit the charitable institutions of the city. I plan to visit every one before I die, devoting Lent each year to my hobby. The amount that I have learned about the vast charities in my own city during the three years of my study is simply incredible. I take notes of my observations, and I have given several club talks about them, urging other women to follow my example. I carry always some flowers, and usually, besides, a glass of jelly, or a good book for the hospital or orphanage library, or give what I can of money. Fortunately, they have usually different days for visitors in the different institutions, so that I am able to go to three or four every week."

Investigating Abroad.

Miss Sophie Irene Loeb, a member of the New York state commission to examine into the question of widows' pensions and the housing of the poor, has been studying such questions in Europe for the last few months. She visited England, Scotland, Denmark, Germany and Switzerland and will report to the legislature of New York the result of her investigations. She says she found the best boarding out system in Scotland, where less than one per cent of poor children become criminals. A widowed mother in Denmark is not supported by the poor relief fund, but has an allowance that enables her to take care of her children. France has appropriated $10,000,000 in allowances that the home may remain intact.

Army Burden Waxes.

In Russia the government is elaborating a measure for the increase of the army which will shortly be laid before the duma. For 1913 the Russian military budget showed an increase of nearly one hundred million dollars, that of 1914 an increase on last year of about fifty-five million dollars. As though this were not enough it is now intended to increase the army by three new army corps and two divisions of cavalry. The fortifications on the German and Austrian frontiers are also to be strengthened and a large part of the artillery is to be supplied with new guns of an improved type.

Effect of Colors.

The stout woman should know that yellow increases her natural size. Satin also makes her look bigger. Blue is a slightly enlarging tone; white is stationary. Black, seal brown, navy blue and the deepest of crimsons are all tones that make the wearer look slimmer.

Collier's

The · National · Weekly



First Time in Clubs

Until this year *Collier's* has been sold at $5.50. Now the price is $2.50 and we have secured a concession whereby we can offer it at a still further reduction in connection with this publication.

Special Offer to Our Readers

Recognizing the great demand for *Collier's* at the new price, we have made arrangements to offer it and our own publication each one year for the price of *Collier's* alone. This is a limited offer and must be taken advantage of promptly.

What You Get in Collier's

Collier's is the one big, independent, fearless weekly of the whole country. Not only is it the good citizen's handbook but it is also a magazine for the whole family. Among the things that a year's subscription gives are:

1000 Editorials
600 News Photos
250 Short Articles
150 Short Stories
100 Illustrated Features
2 Complete Novels

Collier's $2.50
Antioch News $1.00
Both for only $2.50

See Beauty in Long Ears.

Among the young ladies of Borneo elongated ear lobes are regarded as a mark of beauty.

Daily Thought.

When one is tempted to write a clever but harsh thing, though it may be difficult to restrain it, it is always better to leave it in the inkstand.—Smiles.



To your electric light bill for May is attached a **Coupon** good on presentation for a credit of

$5.00

on the first payment for an

Electric Washing Machine

of which we sell standard types ranging in prices from

$50 up to $135

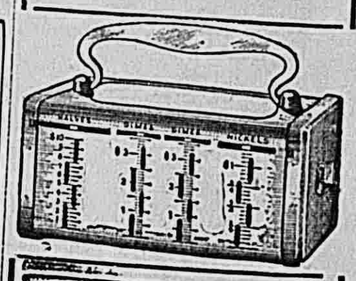
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It is the strongest savings bank ever made the lock cannot be picked nor the money shaken out-- it will protect your spare change.

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WE have a good supply of American Wire Fencing on hand. Call and get our prices.

We are agents for the I. H. C. line of machinery, Farm Trucks, etc., also Janesville and Studebaker Buggies.

We carry a good Suppy of nails and builders' hardware and can get anything you need for building purposes in three or four days times.

E. L. WALD & CO.
LAKE VILLA, ILL.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcement and the Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, ILL., May 4--The committee declared butter at 25.

Hen feed at Hunt's. adv

Dan Schneider of Chicago was out over Sunday.

Harry Tiffany was out from Chicago over Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Teckert of Chicago is visiting her parents here.

I have a complete line of screen doors and window screens. F. J. Hunt. adv

Mrs. John Hancock and daughter of Superior, Wis., are visiting Antioch relatives this week.

For Sale--One good work horse, 6 years old, weight 1400, also one good driving horse, 5 years old. Mrs. Wm. L. Martin, route 2.

Jos. Dupre of Evanston visited his brothers John and Will here Sunday. He will leave next week for Texas where he will make his future home.

Paints and oils of all kind at Hunt's.

Rev. Stixrud and J. C. James left on Tuesday for Rock Island to attend the meeting of the Modern Woodmen, which convened on Wednesday.

For Sale—Good bargain for Flying Merkle, motor cycle, twin cylinder, fully equipped, 1913 model. Inquire of Jas. Salat, Route No. 3, Antioch.

Arthur Wilton, who has been in the employ of Wm. Hillebrand all winter, has resigned, and will work for E. A. Wilton at Lake Villa the coming summer.

A large crowd was present at the Crystal theater last Saturday at both the afternoon and evening shows. Everyone was well pleased with the entire production.

Farm implements of all kinds at Hunt's. adv

In regard to the school fund report spoken of in last week's paper, Mr. Williams informs us that a new ruling of the educational board does not require the publication of such report until the latter part of June of each year.

By excellent attendance the primary pupils and Grammar school pupils have merited and will be granted a half holiday, Friday, May 8. The Intermediate and High School pupils have merited only a quarter holiday. F. M. Bullock, Principal.

Ed Behrens, who has been with Wm. Hillebrand the past two years, expects to leave with his family for Desplaines about May 15. Mr. and Mrs. Behrens have made many friends here who will regret their departure, but wish them success in their new home.

Announcement

I wish to announce to the Public that I will do whitewashing of houses, barns and outhouses at reasonable prices. Joe Duffy. Phone Wilmot 254. 16 mo.2

Notice

My new spring and summer style book, will show you all the most up to-date suits, coats, dresses, waists of all kinds, made-to-order or ready-made. In fact everyting in ladies' wearing apparel, including white, pale pink and blue silk princess slips. A fine line of all kinds of dress goods by the yard. Will be pleased to have you call and look them over whether you buy or not.

Mrs. A. G. Watson,

Highway Notice

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the Commissioners of Highways of the town of Antioch, County of Lake and State of Illinois, up to the 27th day of May 1914, for scraping and painting six iron bridges, namely: The Fox River, Channel, Smart, Hickory, Edwards, and Spafford bridges.

The same is to be let by contract to the lowest possible bidder. The town to furnish the paint. The work to be completed by August 1, 1914. We reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Antioch this 29 day of April, 1914.

W. A. Story,
Frank Dunn,
A. P. Little.

EVERY WOMAN

Should Earn $25 Per Week

Introducing our very complete Spring line of beautiful wool suitings wash fabrics, waistings, silks, hdkfs, petticoats, etc. Up to date N. Y. City patterns. Finest line on the market. Dealing direct with the mills you will find our prices low. If others can make $10.00 to $30.00 weekly you can also. Samples, full instructions in neat sample case, shipped express prepaid. No money required. Exclusive territory. Write for particulars. Be first

How about that Firemen's Quadrille

Milk cans at Hunt's. adv

Grass seeds of all kinds at Hunt's. adv

Harry Taylor of Chicago was out over Sunday and Monday.

J. J. Moran of Wilmot transacted business here Wednesday.

Mrs. C M Cribb of Lake Villa is visiting relatives here this week.

Walter Garasha of Chicago visited over Sunday with friends here.

J. H. Goodrich of Delevan, Wis., was a business visitor here Saturday.

For Rent—A seven room house on Ida avenue. Apply to Jos. Savage.

Mrs. Fred Fliermans of Waukegan visited Antioch friends the first of the week.

Chas. Barber and wife of Crystal Lake spent Sunday with Antioch relatives.

Joe Slumer caught an eight pound pike off McHenry bridge, Fox river, Sunday.

Gasoline and kerosene stoves at Hunt's.

Frank Milcic of Grass Lake visited relatives and friends in Chicago the past week.

Just received car a load of buggies Call and see them, as the prices are right. Frank J. Hunt. adv

It is reported that pickerel and bass are biteing quite freely at the different lakes in this vicinity.

About twenty-five of the Antioch young people attended the May party at Lake Villa last Friday evening.

Dr. Barber, Optician and Optometrist will be in Antioch, Thursday, May 14, at H. J. Barber's residence from 10 a. m to 3:30 p. m.

Thomas J. Jennings and family of Chicago came out the first of the week to occupy their cottage at Petite Lake for the summer.

Charles Oetting and company will deliver ice to all consumers at any time during the season. Telephone Channel Lake, 284, Antioch. 2w

Lost—A pair of gold glasses in case, with name W. T Poile, Chatham, Ont, in the case, finder please leave at this office and receive reward.

The Volunteer Fire department of Antioch will give a grand ball, Wednesday, May 13. Be sure and attend as it is for a good cause. Tickets $1 00 per couple, supper included.

Arthur Merrill of Peoria, who was formly employed as a clerk by Mr Hillbrand, before his location in Antioch, has again entered his employ and will fill the position vacated by Mr Behrnes.

The eleven new seats for the Johnson school which were purchased with a portion of the proceeds of the basket social held last winter, were last week placed in position in the school room.

Auction Sale—At my home on Lake street at 2 o'clock Saturday, May 9. I will dispose of my household goods, consisting of bedroom sets, stoves and other household goods. Mrs. F. M. Simmons.

The Antioch High school base ball team played a practice game with a picked team from the village on the B. F. Naber grounds last Sunday. The game resulted in a score of 8 to 10 in favor of the town team. Next Sunday the High School team will play the Pikeville team at that place.

Chief Billett will be there to lead the grand supper march.

A delegation from the Odd Fellow's lodge here attended a Monthly meeting of the Lake County Odd Fellow's association at Barrington, Thursday. Those who went from here were Rev. Stixrud, Wm. Harrower, J. R. Cribb, H. A. Radtke, W. H. Osmond, and N. E. Proctor.

The Volunteer fire department made their first practice run last Monday evening. The imaginary call for aid was supposed to have come from the Antioch News office and the department responded with a will. The run was made, the hose attached, the ladders set and everything was in readiness to fight the flames (had there been any) in the space of 4½ minutes.

Various Salutations.

"How do you do?" That's English and American. "How do you carry yourself?" That's French. "How do you stand?" That's Italian. "How do you find yourself?" That's German. "How do you fare?" That's Dutch. "How can you?" That's Swedish. "How do you perspire?" That's Egyptian. "How is your stomach? Have you eaten your rice?" That's Chinese. "How do you have yourself?" That's Polish. "How do you live on?" That's Russian. "May thy shadow never be

CONTEST HELD AT THE ANTIOCH SCHOOL ON WEDNESDAY

County Superintendent of Schools, T. Arthur Simpson, was in Antiooh Tuesday conducting one of the contests in the series which he is promoting in Lake county, all the schools in the township were included in this contest, the purpose of which is to arouse interest in the public schools, not only among the pupils themselves, but among the parents as well.

Those entering the contest were from either the sixth, seventh or eighth grade and each school in the township was allowed two delegates for each of the four subjects in the test, or eight in all, however, if they so choose, any number less than eight could represent the school, the same delegate having the privilege to enter any or all of the four tests if they so desired.

Spelling, arithmetic, geography and penmanship, were the four subjects handled and good work was done in each, the winners of the honors in the penmanship have not as yet been decided as the papers have been forwarded to Mr. Foss for a decision.

The winners in the three other tests, together with their teacher's name and the schools which they represent are given below:

Spelling—First; Dora Hook; Mary McCann, teacher, Grubb school; Second; Mary Sheehan, H P. Hillebish, teacher, Oakland school; Third, Louise Dupre, Mary Baine, teacher, Antioch school; Fourth; Gladys Panowski, Mary Baine, teacher, Antioch school.

Arithmetic—First; Dora Hook; Mary McCann teacher, Grubb school; Second, Ruth Kinrade, Mr. Bullock, Antioch school; Third; Sylvia Kasik; Mary Tiffany, teacher, Emmons school.

Geography—First; Margaret Drom, Mary Baine, teacher, Antioch school; Second; Nellie Cobb, Mary Tiffany, teacher, Emmons school; Third; Chas. Horan, Elizabeth McKee, teacher, Antioch school.

At the close of this series the winners of the first honors in each of the four studies of each contest, will meet for a county contest which is planned to be held sometime in June,

First lady and opposite gent forward nd swing at Firemen's dance.

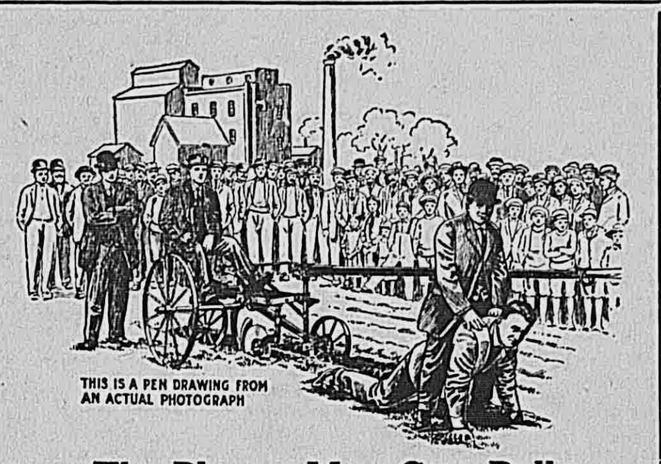
Don't miss the big supper served at the Firemen's Ball by the Ladies of Antioch. Its great. Home cooking.

Householders Must Keep Cats.

In Hong-Kong the law is that every house must have at least one cat.

Work That Counts.

The man who does things amounts to a great deal more than the man who wishes he had done things and who promises he will do things.—Woodrow Wilson.



The Plow a Man Can Pull

Light Draft

There is not a lighter draft sulky plow made tha nthe J. I. Case New Foot Lift Sulky. To demonstrate this we are constantly giving demonstrations having one man to pull our sulky plow. He generally has another man on his back and another one in the seat. The plow is set to turn a full furrow of average depth. If all friction was not reduced to a minimum it can readily be seen that the man would not be able to pull the plow. Such light draft is possible through the combined use of the spring pressure lock, the single, bail, and adjustments to relieve landside pressure.

If a man can pull this plow, what will the reduction in draft which makes it possible mean to your team and the amount of work they can do day after day?

Penetration

Very often, in case the ground is exceedingly soft or exceedingly hard, adjustment is needed in the penetration of the plow. Frequently the statement is made by some makers that they need no adjustment on the plow for this purpose, because their plows are correctly (?) set at the factory. Experience has shown that sulky plows cannot be set at the factory to meet all the varying conditions of field work any more than cultivator shovels can be set rigidly at one point in the factory and no means of adjustment be provided. If such setting were possible when the plow is new, still it would not provide for the different sharpness of the share at different times or the wear on the plow as it occurs.

The J. I. Case Sulky and Gang Plows have an exclusive, yet very simple and effective adjustment for regulating the penetration. The rear end of the beam is carried on a lifting arm fitted with jam nuts. Lengthening this arm, by means of the nuts, gives more penetration to the plow; shortening it, gives less. The depth of plowing is regulated by the front furrow wheel lever.

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F. J. HUNT Antioch, Ill.

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The "Shop Notes" Department (20 pages) gives easy ways to do things—how to make useful articles for home and shop, repairs, etc.

"Amateur Mechanics" (10 pages) tells how to make Mission furniture, wireless outfits, boats, engines, magic, and all the things a boy loves.

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$1.00 The Purchasing Power of $1.00 $1.00

A dollar spent in the right place and at the right time will profit you just one hundred cents. The right place to spend your dollars is at HILLEBRAND'S, and the best opportunity to secure the most for the money will be on

Tuesday, May 12th.

Remember the date. Below are a few of the articles you may purchase for one hundred cents on that day.

A good ready-made house dress for	$1	Waist pattern of silk stripe crepe (usually 50 per yd) white, blue or lavender on that day, for	$1
Good muslin petticoat with embroidery flounce for	$1	8 yds red seal gingham, variety of plain colors, check & stripe	$1
Four pair ladies' silk boot hose for	$1	10 yds bleached Barnsley crash toweling for	$1
Two pair ladies, all silk hose for	$1	12 1-2 yds apron gingham	$1
Waist pattern of blue silk foulard for	$1	Silk girdle, lastest styles and newest shades each	$1

SATURDAY SPECIALS

We have just received some of the latest paterns in ladies coats and suits that we will place on sale on Saturday at a special price. Call and look them over and make an early selection while they last.

Ladies' coats, regular price $7.00 for this sale $5.00

Ladies' suits, regular price $12.00 for this sale $5.00

Hillebrand's Cash Store

J. C. James, Jr.
Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

Real Estate
Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reasonable Rates and Good Companies

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.

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EDWARD BROOK
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LICENSED EMBALMER
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Lotus Camp No. 557 M. W. A.

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J. C. James, Clerk

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Diamonds, Watches and all kinds of Jewe at less than cost. At half the price you regular stores. Dec 1901

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FRANK HUBER, Sec'y
ELMER BROOK, W. M.

The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

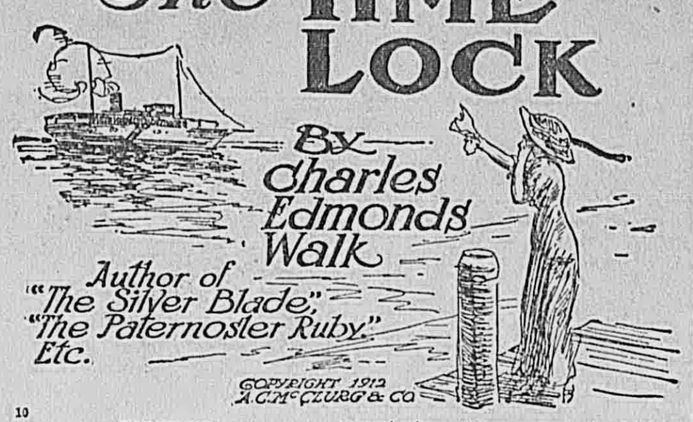
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Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Directors

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS

The Time Lock



By Charles Edmonds Walk

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," Etc.

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10

SYNOPSIS.

Rudolph Van Vechten, a young man of leisure, is astonished to see a man enter No. 1313, a house across the street from the Powhatan club, long unoccupied and spoken of as the House of Mystery. Several persons at regular intervals enter No. 1313. Van Vechten expresses concern to his friend, Tom Phinney, regarding the whereabouts of his cousin and fiancee, Paige Carew. A man is forcibly ejected from the house. Van Vechten and Tom follow the man and find him dead in the street. Van Vechten is attracted by the face of a girl in the crowd of onlookers surrounding the body. Later he discovers the girl gazing at him with a look of scorn from the windows of the mysterious house. Detective Flint calls on Van Vechten to get his version of the tragedy. Tom Phinney goes alone on a yachting trip. He recognizes among some persons in a passing motor boat two men whom he had seen enter the House of Mystery. He sees one of them, a Mr. Callis, on shore later and follows him. Tom is seized, blindfolded and taken to a house. He hears a girl named Jessie, evidently the daughter of the man in authority, question his captors. A sweet-voiced girl later protests against the roughness of his captors. Van Vechten calls on his uncle, Theodore Van Vechten, big man in Wall street and known as the "Man of Iron," in search of information regarding the whereabouts of Paige Carew. Detective Flint shows Van Vechten a gold mesh purse found in the House of Mystery. Van recognizes it as belonging to Paige Carew. The sweet-voiced girl helps Tom Phinney escape. Detective Flint tells Van Vechten he has a theory that Paige has been kidnaped. Messages are sent to Europe in an effort to trace Paige. Tom tells Van Vechten he is in love and relates his adventure.

BOOK II.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

He took them with trembling hands. The first proved to be from Bobby Massinger, who made it a point to propose to Paige every time he met her.

"Why did you not tell me that Miss Carew was in England?" complained Bobby, regardless of the number of words. "Do not know her present address, but will find it without fail before night."

"I hope so," sighed Van Vechten, hastily tearing open the other envelopes.

But his spirits steadily fell as he read. "No use. If she was now or had been at any of the places I have in mind, some one of these persons," tapping the messages, "would be sure to know it. I shall try a cable to her Paris address and see if it is forwarded. And I shall also instruct Mr. Flint to get busy. I believe he will want to take a run over to Rocky Cove. . . . What is it, Alexander?"

The page had approached during the speaker's concluding words, holding ostentatiously in his hand a newspaper.

"Beg pardon, Mr. Van Vechten," said Alexander, "but I saw you wasn't reading a paper this morning. Have you seen today's Sphere?"

The name startled him.

"The Sphere? No. Let me have it."

He flung the sheet open. And, there in glaring headlines extending clear across the front page, was a question that struck him like a blow between the eyes:

"WHERE IS PAIGE CAREW? TALENTED VIOLINIST MYSTERIOUSLY MISSING."

And below this was a smudged, two-column half-tone portrait, which may have been made from a photograph of his cousin.

CHAPTER VI.

£500 Reward.

When Rudolph Van Vechten rallied from the staggering blow of the brutal scarehead, he contrived by a mighty



"Where Is Paige Carew?"

effort to focus his attention upon the sensational news story that lay below, and which shrieked as loud as a lavish use of black ink and red ink and double leads could make it. There were smaller headlines—but visible enough, heaven knows—which bore his uncles's name and his own, and most inconspicuously of all—doubtless as being the least important factor—Mrs. Devereaux's.

In the first place, it was made unmistakable that everybody who knew or should have known where Paige Carew was, either would not tell, or else they did not know, and it was demonstrated how this reticence was conclusive evidence that she had encountered some untoward fate. Every possible change was rung upon the excited query in the hectic headline: "Where is Paige Carew?"

Rudolph Van Vechten, prominent clubman and well-known society favorite, the missing girl's fiance, had been signally evasive in his replies. The interview with him was quoted in full, and the allusive comments made it appear as if he were at the time distressed to the verge of insanity.

A recent celebrated abduction case was summarized, and certain similarities between it and Miss Carew's evanishment were "played up strong"—the deliberate intention of course being to insinuate that the girl had met with a like outrage.

In short, so adroitly was the whole thing worded that the Sphere in no way committed itself; and however Miss Carew might reappear, and whatever the subsequent explanation, it would be good for another "front page" story, and the Sphere would have nothing to retract.

Van Vechten, white with rage, gnashed his teeth. Glancing up to ascertain whether he was the target of too many curious eyes, and discovering that he and Tom were once more alone, he gave vent to a hushed but heated expression of his feelings.

"That," gritted he, mutilating the sheet with a vicious jab of his fist, "is damnable. If that meddling little reporter were here I'd thrash him within an inch of his life. Lord, won't Uncle Theodore rage and tear his hair when he sees it? Believe me, old chap, there'll be something doing now. . . . Alexander! Where did that boy go?"

Alexander was upon the scene almost as if by magic, his mien one of childlike innocence.

Van Vechten instructed:

"Telephone the Kenmore garage and have Ramley fetch my touring car here immediately—the largest one."

Ensconced in one of the club's booths, Alexander soon got the garage and next Ramley, whom he thus addressed:

"Say, you Ramley hick, your boss wants his biggest buzz-wagon at the Powhatan, C. Q. D. J'get it? . . . W'at's that? . . . Who? Me? Well. I'd rather be a fresh kid than a pickled mutt. Beat it, youse, and don't get pinched on the way, else youse'll be chasin' annuder job."

Whereupon he forestalled further repartee by speedily hanging up and resuming his occupation of lurking, unobserved but strictly vigilant, in the offing.

That Ramley not only got the import of Alexander's message, but appreciated its urgency as well, was proved by his prompt appearance.

"This beats hunting taxis every minute or so," Van Vechten explained to Tom, "and Ramley might as well be earning his wages. I'll just keep him at hand for emergencies."

"Let Ramley go; I'd rather run the machine than listen to you talk, anyhow," returned Tom, candidly. "A fellow might have a chance to think."

The offer was considered seriously, and, to Tom's satisfaction, favorably.

"Perhaps," Van Vechten returned, "it might be as well not to have too many witnesses in case anything very private occurs; even the best of servants—including Barnicle, of course—can be made to talk, if cleverly manipulated."

Alexander went to fetch Tom's motoring gear from the cloakroom locker, and Ramley was dismissed.

Under Tom's expert guidance the huge machine glided silently over to Fourth avenue, across Union square to Broadway, and down that busy channel, as if it were held within the speed limits only with the utmost difficulty. Arrived at the New street offices, Tom remained with the motor while Van Vechten hastened to his uncle.

The Man of Iron, it was quickly learned, had already seen the Sphere's article. And something was already doing, too. Outwardly entirely unmoved, ironlike, inflexible, showing nothing of the annoyance that stirred beneath his adamantine crust, he had pulled this wire and that one, with the result that the Sphere's entire local staff, from the city editor on down to the newest cub, were solicitously speculating upon the chances of landing new jobs in the extremely likely event that their present ones would terminate next pay-day. A striking tribute, this to the Man of Iron's far-reaching power; for in all the wide world no other authority could so have shaken the apparently impregnable strength of this great journal.

Moreover Uncle Theodore had already very explicitly cabled his principal Paris and London representatives, who had means of gathering intelligence beyond the scope either of police or news bureaus. All of which he succinctly and unemotionally laid before his nephew.

"I am beginning to fear," he tersely concluded, "that something very serious has happened to Paige and Jo; what, I can't imagine. But no more can be done than we are doing. I am a busy man; I can not afford to have my plans upset or interfered with; I must delegate this matter to you until active interference by me will accomplish some definite result. Then I shall act promptly. Draw on me for necessary funds; but don't fail to keep an accurate account of every cent spent—both exact amount and specific purpose for which expended."

Rudolph drew a long face. "How can you expect me to do that?" protested he, "when, where my own expenditures are concerned, I am unable even to arrive at an estimate?"

"Then," dryly, "you need not draw on me at all; for once you may direct your money to some useful and profitable end. But I must be kept fully informed of every step of progress made. Send me typewritten bulletins containing all facts, but pared to the bone. Now, get out."

But if the Man of Iron believed that he had succeeded in muzzling the press, for once in his life, at least, he was blameworthy of an error of judgment. The story was become public property, and the early afternoon editions, instead of observing restraint, ran to license in their amplification of its sensational possibilities. Rudolph, during the ride back to the club, winced more than once when some newsboy's shrilly shouted slogan assaulted his hearing.

"Where is Paige Carew?" Tom asked himself under his breath. "What's the answer? They'll be pulling gags from that on the roof gar-



"Send Me Typewritten Bulletins Containing All Facts, but Pared to the Bone. Now Get Out."

dens tonight. It's the catchword already. Poor old Ruddy!"

They stopped at a telegraph office, where Van Vechten filed a cablegram to Paige's last known Paris address. When he returned to the car—"Let us hurry back to the club," said he. "I mean to phone Flint, and—" He paused and looked questioningly up at Tom. "I suppose you wouldn't mind taking us over to Rocky Cove?" he asked.

Tom instantly brightened—all over, apparently—but nevertheless he opposed an objection.

"Wouldn't look right, Ruddy. Can't you see?"

"No, I can't"—bluntly.

"Why, I'd be a—er—a sort of—what you call 'em?—accomplice. Dash it all! I'd jolly well like to go, though."

The decisive way in which Van Vechten climbed into the tonneau indicated that this half-hearted protest was accepted for joyous acquiescence.

"Let's find Flint," he said. "Speed up."

Easier said than done, however, for on their arrival at the Powhatan the most diligent use of the telephone failed to elicit the slightest trace of the detective's whereabouts.

Rudolph and Tom were in the act of leaving the club to enter the automobile, when a messenger boy entered, under Alexander's cautious guidance, and handed to Van Vechten a cablegram. Before tearing open the cover, he was a bit puzzled to observe that it was addressed both to his uncle and himself; which meant that a duplicate would be delivered to the Man of Iron, if, indeed, he had not already received one.

The message was dated at London, and this is what Van Vechten read:

"Two ladies answering description Mrs. D. and Miss C. two weeks in Withypool Somerset July. Two ladies same description booked passage on America August 8 as Mrs. and Miss Schuyler New York. Have posted reward five hundred pounds.

"FOTHERINGILL."

CHAPTER VII.

Deeper Waters.

This message, so condensed that for a moment Van Vechten believed it to be in code, contained more than one incomprehensible but none the less pregnant item. The line of perplexity between his brows deepened, as he continued to stare at it, while Tom looked on and fidgeted with curiosity.

"Withypool," Van Vechten voiced his mystification—"seems to me I've heard that name before—I'm sure I have—but hanged if I can associate it with anything definite. And who the deuce is Fotheringill?"

He handed the slip of paper over to Tom. The items began to appear slowly by degrees.

"Withypool—Withypool," he repeated in an effort to spur his memory—"where and when did I ever hear that name? It's not one that Paige mentioned. Must be some town in Somerset."

"And two ladies," supplemented Tom in mock admiration, "answering to the description of your cousin and Mrs. Devereaux were there some time in July. What a ripping Sherlock Holmes you are!"

Van Vechten surveyed him with unseeing eyes. After a moment—

"Say," he began with considerable energy. "Tom, if they were Paige and Jo, why should it be so difficult to determine their identities positively? Were they trying to hide? And if so, from whom?"

"You can search me," Tom offered dispiritedly.

Van Vechten took the message and pored over it again.

"Five hundred pounds reward!" he groaned after a minute. "Great Scott, Tom! How luridly the papers will blossom now, for the blessed puzzle is fair game at last for them. Who has authorized anyone to offer a reward, I'd like to know? And what two weeks in July were these two mysterious ladies at Withypool? Am I to infer that they and Mrs. and Miss Schuyler are the same?—that Paige and Joe sailed home incog the eighth of last month?"

"That's what it says," replied Tom.

"In a way, yes. But this sheet of deformed intelligence is more remarkable for what it does not say than for what it says. Schuyler, you know, was Mrs. Devereaux's maiden name."

Tom's eyes opened. "By George!" he exclaimed wonderingly. "So it was!"

"Well," tartly, "does the circumstance suggest anything to you?"

But Tom merely stood silent a second wagging his head. "No. It's only a little more muddling, is all I can make of it."

"Here it is the fifth of September," Van Vechten's summarizing went on; "where, in heaven's name, have they been all this time? Where are they now?"

"Moses and green spectacles, Ruddy!" burst forth Tom in desperation. "You'll give yourself a headache if you keep on asking questions that nobody can answer! Here—let's sit down at this table and have something to drink; maybe that'll help. You can think things over, anyhow."

Van Vechten all of a sudden experienced a let-down from the high tension under which he had been laboring ever since the cablegram's arrival, and immediately the drawn lines about his mouth, and the restless shifting of his eyes, disclosed his growing burden of anxiety; even to Tom's unobservant regard it was laid bare how deeply the baffling mystery—the uncertainty of his cousin's fate—had affected his whole being.

"Steady, old man," Tom murmured sympathetically. "Try a little nerve tonic. Brace up."

They sat down.

"I don't want anything to drink," Van Vechten declined the offer, "but I will gladly smoke a big black cigar. Perhaps it will clear away some of the cobwebs."

Tom, ever a model of abstemiousness, contented himself with a mild and ladylike thimble of curacao.

Then they took up the subject of the cablegram again. Van Vechten flattened the paper upon the table, propped his elbows at either end and grasped his hair firmly with both hands, the cigar smoke forming a blue halo about his head. He gave himself up to the serious business of interpreting and assimilating the disquieting, unfathomable information from overseas.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

OBJECT LESSON MISSED FIRE

Uncle's Idea of Teaching His Country Nephew Caution Proved Something of a Failure.

A youth from the country was paying his first visit to New York, and, accompanied by his uncle, a leading banker, went to the theater, says the Pathfinder. While waiting in the lobby before the performance the country boy flung back his coat and with hands in his pockets displayed a heavy gold watch-chain. The uncle observed the act and resolved to teach him a lesson.

While the young man's attention was diverted the uncle slipped the watch and chain from his vest, and they entered the theater.

"What time is it?" he asked when they were seated.

The boy felt for his time-piece and found it was gone. Allowing him to make a thorough search of it, the uncle told him he had taken it and read him a sharp lecture. "You are not in the country now, you know, where you can display valuables with impunity. You should be more careful. Let this be a lesson to you."

So saying he slipped his hand into his overcoat pocket where he had put the watch. To his utter dismay he found it was gone. And when he looked to see if his own was safe he found that also had taken wings.

Stung.

My pet embarrassment was when I learned that the girl I went around with a little, but did not love, was engaged. To give her the impression that I was wasting her time I went over and proposed. My embarrassment can be easily imagined when she accepted me.—Chicago Tribune.

CANADA'S TELESCOPE

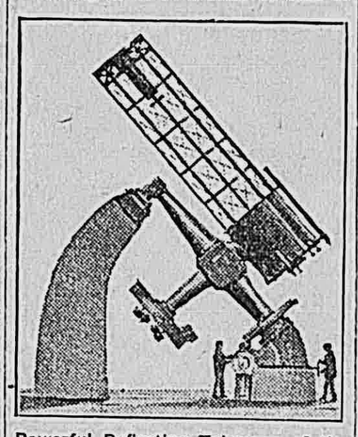
Canadian Government Soon to Have Powerful Instrument.

Referred to as "The Largest Telescope in the World" and Will Cost Nearly $100,000—Its Location Not Yet Determined.

Ottawa, Can.—The Canadian government will soon possess a more powerful reflecting telescope than any now in existence. It has been referred to in the newspapers as "the largest telescope in the world," but this description is misleading for two reasons; first, because its aperture, 72 inches, is to be the same as that of the famous Parsonstown reflector, built by Lord Rosse in 1842; and second, because by the time the Canadian instrument is completed it now seems likely that the 100-inch reflector which has long been under construction for the Mount Wilson Solar observatory will also be ready for use. The Canadian telescope will, however, be a much more efficient instrument than Lord Rosse's. Not only will the mirror be much superior, but the mounting will enable the telescope to be worked to the full advantage. The Parsonstown reflector has an altazimuth, not an equatorial, mounting and is operated under such difficulties that comparatively little use has ever been made of it.

Contracts for the new telescope have just been awarded to J. Brashear for the mirrors and other optical parts, and to Warner & Swasey for the mounting. The disk for the principal mirror will be made by the St. Gobain glass works, in Paris, but all the grinding and figuring will be done in this country. The total cost will be nearly one hundred thousand dollars. Inasmuch as the instrument is intended primarily and notoriously for work of no immediate practical benefit, viz., the spectrographic measurement of radial stellar velocities, this sum represents a very notable contribution to pure science on the part of a government.

The telescope will have a parabolic mirror of 72 inches, clear aperture and 30 feet focal length, with a central hole ten inches in diameter. The mounting is to be similar to that of



Powerful Reflecting Telescope of the Canadian Government, 30 Feet Focal Length.

the Ann Arbor and Melbourne reflectors, with a skeleton tube at one side and nearly midway between the bearings of the long polar axis, the balance being restored by the declination motion mechanism and by counterweights at the other side. Both polar and declination axis will be carried entirely on ball or roller bearings, in place of the usual plain bearings for collimating and a complicated system of counterweighted rollers for relieving the friction. The construction will also be simplified in other respects, e. g., all fine circles will be omitted, as will the slow motion arm in right ascension. It is characteristic of twentieth century technique in astronomy that, although the new telescope will have a full set of oculars for visual observations, no program of visual work is contemplated. Nowadays the camera takes the place of the human retina. The main purpose of the instrument will be the measurement of motion in the line of sight of stars fainter than the fifth magnitude; a task beyond the light-gathering power of nearly all existing telescopes. For such work the telescope will generally be used in the Cassegrain form; the light from the main mirror, converging toward a focus, will be received by a second hyperboloidal mirror of about nineteen inches aperture and ten feet focus, placed about twenty-three feet above the main mirror. The light passes thence down through the hole in the main mirror, and the star images are formed about three feet below the latter. Here the spectrograph will be placed. For the fainter stars of low dispersion the spectrograph will probably be placed at the prime focus. An investigation of the atmospheric conditions in different parts of Canada is now in progress, to determine where the telescope will be located.

Both Prayers Are Answered.

Denver, Colo.—Hyman Schuster prayed for a boy; his wife for a girl. The stork brought triplets—two boys and a girl.

Want Bathers to Wear Coats.

New York.—Coney Island tax payers do not want bathers to walk around in bathing suits, and ask that they wear coats.

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.



Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You have my hearty consent to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. Orpha Turner, 431 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Never go between a dog and his bone, a man and his hobby or a woman and a milliner's show window.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Adv.

Why?

Edith—Why didn't you tell me you had that seat painted yesterday, papa?

Father—Why, what happened?

Edith—Why, Freddy and I sat down on it last night, and Freddy got paint all over the back of his coat and trousers!

Odd and Even.

Andrew Carnegie, at one of his peace dinners in his superb red brick mansion in Fifth avenue, said of the Mexican policy of the government:

"It is a wise and Christian policy. It will establish a precedent that the would hereafter observe.

"To have peace," Mr. Carnegie added, "we must bear and forbear. Hatreds and vengeance destroy all hope of peace.

"If you try to get even, in a word, you remain at odds."

Appropriate Name.

Aunt 'Liza's former mistress was talking to her one morning, when suddenly she discovered a little pickaninny standing shyly behind his mother's skirts. "Is this your little boy, Aunt 'Liza?" she asked.

"Yes, miss, dat's Prescription."

"Goodness, what a funny name, Auntie, for a child? How in the world did you happen to call him that?"

"Ah simply calls him dat becuz Ah has sech hahd wuk gettin' him filled."

HAPPY NOW

Family of Twelve Drink Postum.

"It certainly has been a blessing in our home" writes a young lady in regard to Postum.

"I am one of a family of twelve, who, before using Postum, would make a healthy person uncomfortable by their complaining of headache, dizziness, sour stomach, etc., from drinking coffee.

"For years mother suffered from palpitation of the heart, sick headache and bad stomach and at times would be taken violently ill. About a year ago she quit coffee and began Postum.

"My brother was troubled with headache and dizziness all the time he drank coffee. All those troubles of my mother and brother have disappeared since Postum has taken the place of coffee.

"A sister was ill nearly all her life with headache and heart trouble, and about all she cared for was coffee and tea. The doctors told her she must leave them alone, as medicine did her no permanent good.

"She thought nothing would take the place of coffee until we induced her to try Postum. Now her troubles are all gone and she is a happy little woman enjoying life as people should."

Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum now comes in two forms:

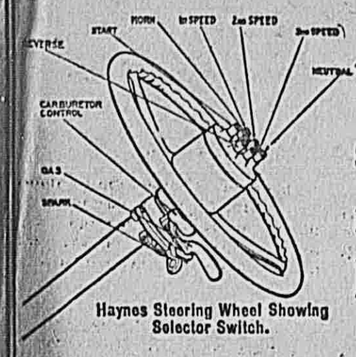
Regular Postum — must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.



Haynes Steering Wheel Showing Selector Switch.

You can readily sell this season's most popular car, Mr. Dealer—

the

HAYNES

America's First Car

which represents the height of refinement, convenience and reliability in motor car design. It's the year-ahead car, with feature after feature that appeals to dealer and consumer alike.

The Haynes is equipped with the Vulcan Electric Gear Shift—the greatest safety device ever applied on the automobile—which makes it

Electrically Controlled Throughout,

since starting, lighting, ignition and *gear-shifting* are accomplished by electricity.

Our twenty-one years' experience in motor car construction is your assurance of quality. Compare the Haynes, part for part, with other cars, and you will appreciate its wonderful selling features.

Here are a few facts that should interest you:

The Haynes motor has a bore of 4¼ in. and a stroke of 5½ in.; cylinders cast in pairs; L-head design; valves enclosed; with a dynamometer test of 65 and 48 horse-power on the "six" and "four," respectively. Ignition is provided by the American Simms Dual High Tension Magneto; carburetion, by the Stromberg device; electric lighting and starting, by the Leece-Neville separate unit system; and cooling by centrifugal pump, pressed steel fan and cellular radiator.

Other Haynes specifications are the splash and gravity lubrication system; contracting band clutch; Timken and McCue full floating rear axles; twenty-one-gallon gas tank on rear of chassis; motor-driven tire pump; extra demountable rim; and Collins curtains. Shock absorbers on the "six."

The Haynes "Four" 48 dynamometer horsepower, 118-inch wheelbase.....$1785 and $1985
The Haynes "Six" 65 dynamometer horsepower, 130-inch wheelbase.....$2500 and $2700
The Haynes "Six" 65 dynamometer horsepower, 136-inch wheelbase.....$2585 and $2785

If you are in open territory, we have something *interesting* to tell you. Write us now.

The Haynes Automobile Co., 26 Main St., Kokomo, Ind.

----------FILL OUT COUPON TODAY----------

THE HAYNES AUTOMOBILE CO., 26 Main St., Kokomo, Ind.
I am interested. Send me Elwood Haynes' great book, "The Complete Motorist," describing your latest models and send particulars of your dealers' selling agreement.

Name.....

City and State.....

I handle the.....

SAVINGS BANK FOR SCHOOL

Pennies and Nickels Accepted by Teacher and Boy Officers of Savings Association.

Chicago.—More than one hundred children of the Wicker Park school proudly displayed "bankbooks." They are depositors of the first public school savings bank in Chicago.

At the start of banking hours—8:15 to 9 a. m. and 3:30 to 4:30 p. m.—a score of youngsters stood in line in order to deposit their marble and candy allowance in the care of their fellow pupils.

Thirteen-year-old Frank Koraleski, son of the county assessor, who has been appointed cashier, was kept busy taking the pennies, nickels and dimes



Her First Business Lesson.

handed to him by the boys and girls of the seventh and eighth grades of the school. He has an errorless record at the present time after receiving more than one thousand pennies and hundreds of other coins.

"How much interest do I get?" asked Annie Globert, a twelve-year-old miss of the seventh grade, as she handed two nickels and fourteen pennies and told her name to Milton Pohler, the clerk.

"Same as any regular bank," was the answer. "When you get five dollars we put it into a big bank and you get 15 cents more at the end of the year."

Philip Simon, the best writer in the school, is signature clerk. He does not expect any forgeries, but he will be on the watch for them, anyhow.

Miss Clara M. Utter, teacher of the eighth grade, is in charge of the bank, assisted by Principal Fred Smith.. The bank has received the approval of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, and is expected to be taken up by other schools in the city.



You *can't get* a bigger buy for a nickel. It is as delicious as economical—as beneficial as delicious—as popular with your family as with you.

It's as clean as it's fresh. It's *always* clean and *always* fresh because the new air-tight, dust-proof seal *keeps* it so. Every sealed package is *personal* to you.



Look for the Spear

Purify your breath, preserve your teeth, harden your gums and keep your digestion good with this mouth-cleansing pastime.

Chew it after every meal

Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S

Lucky Accident for Him.

After proposing three times and being rejected on account of his ugliness, a man in London was injured in an accident so severely that when he recovered his face had been completely reconstructed, decidedly for the better. He proposed again and was accepted.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Too Much for Him.

A colored porter for a local druggist was told to go to another pharmacy to get some cimcifugo rasismoses. He stood, open-mouthed, and gazed at his "boss," then asked: "Ain't thar any other name for dat?"

ARE YOU CONSTIPATED?

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills have proved their worth for 75 years. Test them yourself now. Send for sample to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Danger of Too Much Talk.

Don't talk too much. Just after you have talked a man into buying, if you keep on talking you will talk him out of buying.—Atchison Globe.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes guarantee satisfaction. Adv.

There is nothing in the theory of the survival of the fittest. Tailors aver that the misfits stay with them longest.

The Trimmer.

"The late Bishop Bowman," said a Philadelphia minister, "once rebuked my too soft and conciliatory leanings by telling me a story about a little girl.

"This little girl, it seems, had written with great pains a composition on the cow. The composition ran as follows:

"'The cow is a very useful animal.'

"That evening the bishop dined at the little girl's house, and her mother, since she was a very little girl, indeed, was proud of the composition, and requested its author to read it aloud.

"The little girl got her manuscript, but, instead of reading it as it stood, she amended it on the bishop's behalf so that it ran:

"'The cow is the most useful animal there is except religion.'"

Kill the Flies Now and Prevent

disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. All dealers or six sent express paid for $1. H. SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Adv.

Old Master's Work.

Mrs. Parvenue.—"That picture in the corner is by an old master." Mrs. Swartleigh—"Indeed! I would never have guessed it." Mrs. Parvenue—"Yes, the man I bought it from gave me a written guaranty that the painter was past seventy-five before he did a stroke of it."

Worms expelled promptly from the human system with Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot." Adv.

We must either give up our grouches or our friends.

NO MORE PET ANTS WANTED

Department of Agriculture Appeals to Amateur Scientists to Taboo Like Imports.

Washington.—Those little pet ants recently brought to this country by Mrs. Charles W. Morse are made the basis of an appeal to travelers not to bring dangerous insects into the United States, issued by the department of agriculture.

"Tourists and amateur scientists are continually endeavoring to introduce additions to the flora and fauna of the United States which the United States is happy to be without," the department said.

"It is estimated that fully one-half of the pests that afflict farmers and stock have been imported from abroad, many, of course, by accident in the course of commercial shipments, but some brought in deliberately by misguided enthusiasts or thoughtless travelers."

QUEEN TO VISIT WHITE HOUSE

Eleanora of Bulgaria May Be Guest of President Wilson and Wife in May.

Washington.—William Caspar, special envoy of Queen Eleanora of Bulgaria was here to arrange for the proposed visit of her majesty to the United States. She is coming to investigate methods of hospital administration and relief work of the poor and sick. Mr. Caspar planned to visit Secretary Bryan to consult him relative to the attitude of the state department toward the contemplated visit of the queen, how she will be received and entertained. He hoped to complete arrangements so that she can sail for this country May 10 or May 27. During her stay in Washington she may be a guest at the White House.

Knitted Socks During House Debate.

Washington.—An elderly woman sat in the house gallery during debate on the Panama tolls question and knitted socks. She plied her needle and yarn through the day, suspending operations only when the debate became lively.

Minstrel Show in Prison.

Auburn, N. Y.—A minstrel show, with vaudeville features, in which all the performers were prisoners, was given at the state prison. Relatives and friends of the prison keepers formed the audience.

A league for combating woman's emancipation, just formed in Germany, has 30,000 members

SCALP ITCHED AND BURNED

Greenwood, Ind.—"First my hair began to fall, then my scalp itched and burned when I became warm. I had pimples on my scalp; my hair was falling out gradually until I had scarcely any hair on my head. I couldn't keep the dandruff off at all. My hair was dry and lifeless and I lost rest at night from the terrible itching sensation. I would pull my hat off and scratch my head any place I happened to be.

"For several years I was bothered with pimples on my face. Some of them were hard red spots, some were full of matter, and many blackheads. I was always picking at them and caused them to be sore. They made my face look so badly I was ashamed to be seen.

"I tried massage creams for my face and all kinds of hair tonic and home-made remedies, but they only made things worse. Nothing did the work until I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I washed my face with the Cuticura Soap, then put plenty of Cuticura Ointment on. Three months' use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment has made my face as smooth and clean as can be." (Signed) C. M. Hamilton, Sept. 24, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Laughter Aids Digestion.

Laughter is a most healthful exertion; it is one of the greatest helps to digestion with which I am acquainted; and the custom prevalent among our forefathers, of exciting it at table by jesters and buffoons, was founded on true medical principles.—Hufeland.

Use Roman Eye Balsam for scalding sensation in eyes and inflammation of eyes or eyelids. Adv.

Very Much So.

"What do you think of this latest egg basket arrangement?"

"I think it is quite chic."

Brothers, Eh?

A certain curate was of a painfully nervous temperament, and in consequence was constantly making awkward remarks intended as compliments—to the bishop and others.

Having distinguished himself in an unusual degree during a gathering of clergy at an afternoon tea a short while ago in the bishop's palace, he was taken to task for his failings by a senior curate, who was one of his companions on the way home.

"Look here," said Simms, the senior, decidedly, "you're a donkey. Why can't you keep quiet instead of making your asinine remarks? I am speaking to you as a brother."

Loud laughter interrupted him at this point, and for the moment he did not see the joke.

Physical Impossibility.

"I promise you my art will make a speaking likeness of your wife."

"You can't. She's dumb."

"Standard Time" Lock Treasure Box



Necessary in every household and office. Safety insurance, at small cost, for silver, heirlooms, legal documents, private correspondence, etc. Easily carried in event of fire. Extra heavy steel. Guaranteed non-pickable. Keyless combination lock. Made in 10 sizes: 10 inch size, $2.50, 12 inch, $3.00. Sent prepaid in U. S. on receipt of price. Miller Lock Co., 4521 Tacony St., Frankford, Pa.

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Is Your Stomach Wrong?

Sooner or later you will be wrong in every organ of your body. It is a well known fact that over 95% of all sicknesses are caused by ailments of the digestive organs. If you have the slighest suspicion that your stomach requires treatment, don't delay a moment. Little ills soon grow into serious ills.

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soon rights the wrong. It helps the stomach digest the food and manufacture nourishing blood. It has a tonic effect and soon enables the stomach and heart to perform their functions in a natural, healthy manner, without any outside aid.

As Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains neither alcohol nor narcotics there is no reaction. For over forty years it has stood the test of both use and abuse and is today the greatest remedy of its kind in the world. Begin now. Take it home today. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form, or send 50c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial box.

For 31c you can get the Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages—cloth bound—to pay cost of mailing.
Write Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WORMS.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

"Worms", that's what's the matter of 'em. Stomach and intestinal worms. Nearly as bad as distemper. Cost you too much to feed 'em. Look bad—are bad. Don't physic 'em to death. Spohn's Cure will remove the worms, improve the appetite, and tone 'em up all round, and don't "physic." Acts on glands and blood. Full directions with each bottle, and sold by all druggists.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

LAKE VILLA

Jas. Kerr and wife were in Chicago on business Thursday.

Albert Kapple and wife spent Sunday with Antioch friends.

Frank Sherwood visited his parents here the first of the week.

F. M. and C. B. Hamlin made a trip to Winthrop Harbor Sunday.

Mrs. Carl Miller with her sisters visited Antioch friends Saturday.

A. Kapple and Dr. Talbott transacted business at the county seat Friday.

Miss Ethel Miller of Waukegan spent the week end with her grand parents here.

Herbert Nelson has a new Overland and Miss Gertrude Miller is running a new Ford.

Herman Wendland and family and friends of Elmhurst spent Sunday at R. Wendland's.

Misses Mayme, Catherine and Pearl Leonard of Chicago were out for the May party, Friday evening.

The May party given by the Commercial club was a success in every way, and the boys realized a neat sum.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Gray and son and Miss Pearl King of Chicago spent the week end with relatives here.

The Misses Calugi have returned to their home in Whitewater, Wis., after a visit with their sister, Mrs. Miller.

Mrs. E. J. Aiken of Chicago Lawn, whose husband was a former pastor here visited friends here one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Meier were in Chicago Monday to consult a specialist in regard to Mrs. Meier's ankle which was broken last summer.

Mrs. Jas. King was called to Waukegan the last of the week by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. Otis Smith, who is suffering a relapse from measles.

Be sure to attend the Firemen's ball at the Antioch opera house, Wednesday evening, May 13. Old fashioned and new fashioned dance. A good time guaranteed. Tickets $1.00.

Dr. Fletcher of Salem, is specially prepaired to fit glasses.

HICKORY

School closed Friday.

Andrew Pedersen, Dora and Agnes spent Monday in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Holdtorf of Wilmot called on friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Wells of Millburn visited Sunday at the Wells home.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grimm and Mr. and Mrs. David Pullen autoed to Union Grove Sunday.

Mrs. Stewart of Gurnee returned home Saturday after spending the winter with her daughter Mrs. Gladys Ames.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Scharff and daughter, of Burlington and Mrs. Girbet and children, of Rochester, Wis., visited over Sunday at Thomas Petersen's.

Real Thing at Last.

The Customer—"These grand opera phonograph records are no good. I can't get anything out of half of them." The Salesman—"Yes, they are our finest achievement. You never can tell when they'll sing. They're so temperamental."—Puck.

Of Gardens.

God Almighty planted a garden; and indeed it is the purest of human pleasures. It is the greatest refreshment to the spirit of man, without which buildings and palaces are but gross handiwork. In the royal ordering of gardens there ought to be gardens for all the months in the year, in which, severally, things of beauty may be then in season.

Spoiled Her Evening.

Madge—"How was it you didn't have a good time at the reception?" Marjorie—"I heard a story about a girl who was there, but she kept within hearing all the time, and I couldn't tell it to anybody."—Life.

Cannon's 25,000,000 Horsepower

Commander Regnault of the French navy in an address to an association of civil engineers calculated that the force developed in the heart of a large cannon firing a 500 kilogram projectile with a muzzle velocity of 900 inches a second is equivalent to 25,000,000 horsepower. That of a field gun firing a projectile weighing about seven kilograms with a muzzle velocity of 500 inches is 115,000 horsepower.

BRISTOL

F. H. Gilbert spent a couple of days last week in Chicago.

Mrs. P. E. Woodbury was shopping in Kenosha last Thursday.

Mrs Jessie Shumway visited Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Foulke.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bryant and Mrs. Curtiss spent Thursday in Kenosha.

Fred Murdock and family of Kenosha visited over Sunday with relatives here.

Geo. Bryant and family, C. T. Curtis and family motored to Bassetts last Sunday.

Mrs. H. B. Gaines and Mrs. W. Gaines were Kenosha visitors on last Saturday.

Mrs. Florence Eddy of Kenosha visited over Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Tom Davis here.

Quite a number of Masons from here attended a meeting and banquet in Kenosha last Saturday.

RUSSELL

Emil Schultz has a new automobile.

Murrie Bros., are building another silo.

Mr. Hubbard was a Chicago caller on Monday.

Miss Minnie Reeves visited over Sunday at home.

The date for the singing class will be the first 2 weeks in June.

Miss Floy Dixon made her regular trip to Chicago Tuesday.

There will be another dance at Russell hall Friday evening. All are invited.

Mr. Hastings of Decator, Ill,, is spending some time with his daughter here.

There will be a ball game at Russell Sunday, between a Kenosha team and the home team.

Frank Hitchcox was called to his home in Minnesota because of the death of his father.

SILVER LAKE

Mrs. Koehn went to Burlington Tuesday.

Dr. Fletcher made a call here Tuesday.

Mrs. Dewitt Dixon is visting at Mc Henry.

Miss Mayme Mathews visited in Burlington Wednesday.

Mrs. Kellogg visited her mother in Milwaukee last week.

Miss Schmutts of Kenosha was a visitor here Sunday.

J. Witt is improving his residence with a cement walk.

Charles Reynolds of Livingston, Mont., was here Sunday.

Dr. Darby was at school Monday, and examined all the scholars

Jas. Cragg and family are packing their household goods, preparatory to moving.

Geo. Schmalfeldt and wife are rejoiced over the arrival of a son, born last Friday.

Vera Dalton and Burnadett Leiting who have the scarlet fever are getting along nicely.

The Antioch Volunteer fire company will give a ball in the Antioch opera house, Wednesday evening, May 13. Tickets $1.00.

Our Investment.

We find in life exactly what we put in it.—Emerson.

Great Author's Optimism.

Of that form of eccentricity closely related to egotism, whereby many of the world's greatest artists and writers have conveyed to us their appreciation of their own work, a most interesting case is that of Thackeray, ordinarily a most modest man. But there is good authority that Thackeray never passed the house in Russell square wherein he lived when he wrote "Vanity Fair," without raising his hat—a tribute from himself to his great work.—The Sunday Magazine.

Historical Note.

"Wasn't King John a wicked man?" said the professor's little daughter the other evening. "He used to run over people with his motor cars." The professor was puzzled. "Haven't you made a mistake?" he inquired doubtfully. "Surely, your teacher didn't tell you that?" "Oh, yes, she did. She told us that King John ground down the people with his taxis."

REGULARS IN WOODMEN LEADING

(Contintec from first page)

orphans amounting to over $1,500,000.

"A neighbor in Wisconsin once wrote me a short letter, saying:

"How does it fell to be hated and detested by more than a million of neighbors and their families who once loved and revered you?"

"I answed just as briefly, as follows:

"Knowing that our present rates will bring disaster upon our beloved society, and knowing that the Chicago rates are the lowest rates that will preserve it, I would be a coward it I did not stand by the Chicago rates.

"In conclusion I say to you now that my position on the question has been honestly take with the best light I have after a quarter of a centuary of experience. I want to say to you that while you may honestly differ with me on this question, you must all accede to me the right of my opinion."

Fond Du Lac, Wis., May 6.—Insurgent Modorn Woodern were in complete control of the state convention for Wisconsin here today, when they elected a full quoto of insurgant delegates to the head camp in Toledo, Ohio, next June and in naming Judge Charles B. Perry of Milwauke head counsel and J H Andrews, Superior, clerk.

The regulars were routed on the first test vote mustering only 48 votes against 69 by the insurgents.

Resolutions deplored the lost of 300,000 young members as the result of changes in rates and insurance plan, and recommened the abolishment of sinecure offices and the return to business on an economical basis.

The Chicago rates were condemned and the revision of the deputy system was advocated, the next convention will be hed in Chippewa Falls in 1917.

Stillwater, Minnesota, May 6—With the insurgent delegates having a membership of 74, against 42 other members of the body, the regulars attending the Modern Woodmen's triennial gathering here today bolted the convention after hours of wrangling.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, May 6—The Modern Woodmen of America held their state convention here today, and the insurgent faction won out over the regulars with a large majority, the insurgents were elected state consul and state clerk, and on a motion to name the national delegates from the lists prepared at senatorial district caucus the regulars lost

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W H Gifford and wf to W M Baldwin, lot in s e ¼ sec 11, w Antioch twp q c	1 00
W M Brinkman and wf to P A Moore, part lot 12, Brophy's sub, Fox Lake w d	650 00
Sarah Short to Adeline Jones s 50 ft, lot 10, Smith's sub in sec 12, w Antioch twp q c	1 00
G H Burnett and wf et al to Ella F Talbott, lot 20, blk 1, Burnett's add to Lake Villa, w d	150 00

Mending a Broken Vase.

A beautiful little white vase was broken in many places. After putting it together carefully, the owner knotted green raffia about and it was very pretty still. The idea will apply to many chipped and cracked pieces of pottery.

Explaining Ezekiel's Vision.

An eastern traveler now announces in all seriousness that Ezekiel's vision of the wheels was probably inspired by a natural phenomenon, such as was seen about 1907 at sunset in Mesopotamia, by Dr. Hume Griffith. The appearance of bright concentric rings, spokes, and wings in the afterglow tallied exactly with the prophet's description, and the time of year was also that referred to by Ezekiel.

Vast Continent of Asia.

Asia, which is the largest of the continents, has an estimated area of 17,057,666 square miles.

Chinese Reverence for Dead.

The Chinese revere the dead to such an extent that when the demise of a Chinaman occurs he is buried for three years. At the end of this time the body is dug up and the bones placed in a vase. The vase and its contents are then interred for all future time.

Much the Better Policy.

Too many persons are tempted to exercise themselves unto resignation when they should put forth their best efforts towards resistance.

Her Parody.

A little four-year-old went to Sunday school for the first time and heard the children singing. "Once I was blind, but now I can see." That afternoon her sister heard her sing: "One side was blind, but now it can see."

Government Aids Labor Unions.

In France the government reimburses a fixed percentage of the amount expended by the labor unions for the support of the unemployed.

Quick Thinker of Most Value.

A man who has the presence of mind which can bring to him on the instant all he knows is worth, for action, a dozen men who know as much but can only bring it to light slowly. —Emerson.

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DON'T wait till your house burns down before you secure insurance.

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It means advancement of ideas in the home circle, to be derived from day-to-day criticisms of the current drama, music and books—reviews for which The Record-Herald is noted.

It means added knowledge, broader minds, greater interests—for every member of the family—through the following famous Record-Herald features:

Daily there are articles devoted to the household—advance fashion news, helpful housekeeping hints, etc., etc.—Sparkling editorial comments on topics of the day—brilliant thoughts of big minds on timely subjects—clean, crisp columns of sports—pointed paragraphs by one of America's foremost humorists—clever cartoons of passing events—and a continued story by some noted author. The Record-Herald news gathering facilities are world-wide in scope, and unrivaled in reliability. Comprising the news of the Associated Press—telegraph news from special correspondents in every large city of the East and in every town of the Central West——news that comes over leased wires from New York and Washington—and the foreign cable service of two of the biggest New York City newspapers.

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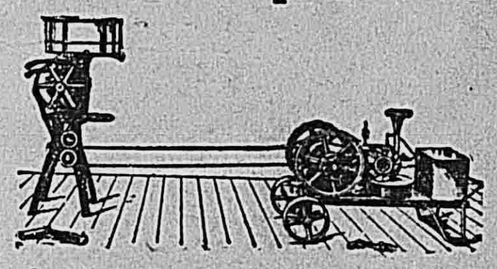
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